

Side Effects Of Constipation

== References == b16426ba0e == Medical use == b16426ba0e

List of thalidomide side effects Adverse effects by frequency: Note that teratogenicity is not discussed here as it is not considered a side effect. For information regarding birth defects Adverse effects by frequency: b16426ba0e

In men with prostate cancer, bicalutamide monotherapy has been found to increase the likelihood of death due to causes other than prostate cancer. Bicalutamide has been found to cause unfavorable liver changes in around 3 to 11% of people, with such changes necessitating discontinuation in approximately 1%. Rarely, bicalutamide has been associated with serious liver toxicity and lung disease, as well as sensitivity to light. It has also

uncommonly been associated with hypersensitivity reactions. Bicalutamide has a theoretical risk of... b16426ba0e Lubiprostone is a laxative used for the treatment of constipation, specifically: b16426ba0e Note that teratogenicity is not discussed here as it is not considered a side effect. For information regarding birth defects, see thalidomide. b16426ba0e

Naloxegol Doses of 25 mg were found safe and well tolerated for 52 weeks. When given concomitantly with opioid analgesics, naloxegol reduced constipation-related side effects, while maintaining comparable levels of analgesia. naloxegol reduced constipation-related side effects, while maintaining comparable levels of analgesia. It was approved in 2014 in adult patients with chronic, non-cancer pain. The most common side effects are abdominal pain Naloxegol (INN; PEGylated naloxol; trade names Movantik and Moventig) is a peripherally acting μ -opioid receptor antagonist developed by AstraZeneca, licensed from Nektar Therapeutics, for the treatment of opioid-induced constipation b16426ba0e

The drug was developed by Sucampo Pharmaceuticals and approved by

the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2006. It was recommended for use in the UK by the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) in July 2014. Health Canada approved the drug in 2015. Lubiprostone received approval from the Food and Drug Administration in 2008, to treat irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C), and in 2013, for the treatment of opioid-induced constipation in adults with chronic noncancer pain. It is available as a generic medication.

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Constipation Complications from constipation may include hemorrhoids, anal fissure or fecal impaction. The stool is often hard and dry. functional constipation is defined by ongoing symptoms for greater than six months not due to an underlying cause such as medication side effects or an underlying Constipation is a bowel dysfunction that makes bowel movements infrequent or hard to pass. Babies often have three to four bowel movements per day while young children typically have two to three per day. The normal frequency of bowel movements in adults is between three per day and three per week. Other symptoms may include abdominal

pain, bloating, and feeling as if one has not completely passed the bowel movement b16426ba0e

== Medical uses == b16426ba0e == Very common (>10% frequency) == b16426ba0e

Side effects of bicalutamide Less common side effects of bicalutamide monotherapy in men include sexual dysfunction, depression, fatigue, weakness, and anemia. General side effects of bicalutamide that may occur in either sex include diarrhea, constipation, abdominal pain, nausea, dry skin, itching, and rash. General side effects of bicalutamide that may occur in either sex include diarrhea, constipation, abdominal pain The side effects of bicalutamide, a nonsteroidal antiandrogen (NSAA), including its frequent and rare side effects, have been well-studied and characterized. The most common side effects of bicalutamide monotherapy in men include breast tenderness, breast growth, feminization, demasculinization, and hot flashes. Bicalutamide is well tolerated and has few side effects in women. tolerated and has few side effects in women b16426ba0e

Naloxegol was previously a Schedule II drug in the United States because of its chemical similarity to noroxymorphone. It was officially decontrolled in January 2015. It was reclassified as a prescription drug after the FDA and DEA concluded that the impermeability of the blood-brain barrier to this compound made it non-habit-forming, and so without the potential for abuse. b16426ba0e

Constipation in children It is a functional gastrointestinal disorder. It is a functional gastrointestinal disorder. Children have different Constipation in children refers to the medical condition of constipation in children. Constipation in children refers to the medical condition of constipation in children b16426ba0e

Naloxegol is indicated for the treatment of opioid-induced constipation (OIC) in people with chronic non-cancer pain. b16426ba0e

Methylnaltrexone is approved for the treatment of opioid-induced constipation in chronic non cancer pain or when ordinary laxatives have failed. b16426ba0e == Medical uses == b16426ba0e == Very common

(may affect more than 1 in 10 people) == b16426ba0e

List of side effects of doxepin Side effects that are common (based on its pharmacology or the frequency of these side effects with related agents) appear The antidepressant drug doxepin has been associated with a number of different adverse effects, including the following. involving doxepin prohibits it b16426ba0e

Note: Serious adverse effects are in bold. b16426ba0e Children have different bowel movement patterns than adults. In addition, there is a wide spectrum of normalcy when considering children's bowel habits. On average, infants have 3-4 bowel movements/day, and toddlers have 2-3 bowel movements per day. At around age 4, children develop an adult-like pattern of bowel movements (1-2 stools/day). The median onset of functional constipation in children is at 2.3 years old, with girls and boys being similarly affected. Children benefit from scheduled toilet breaks, once early in the morning and 30 minutes after meals. The Rome III Criteria for constipation in children can help to define and diagnose

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constipation for various age groups. Constipation in children may present as encopresis, or the inappropriate passage of stool (usually involuntarily) in inappropriate places. Stool can build up in the rectum, leading to rectal dilation and decreased gastric emptying. This can present as nausea, vomiting, abdominal distention, loss of appetite and pain. Children may also have stool retentive behaviors... b16426ba0e

Lubiprostone management of chronic idiopathic constipation, predominantly irritable bowel syndrome-associated constipation in women and opioid-induced constipation. The drug is owned by Mallinckrodt and is marketed by Takeda Pharmaceutical Company. The Lubiprostone, sold under the brand name Amitiza among others, is a medication used in the management of chronic idiopathic constipation, predominantly irritable bowel syndrome-associated constipation in women and opioid-induced constipation b16426ba0e

List of adverse effects of trazodone Nausea Headache Fatigue Common (1-10% incidence) adverse effects include: Vomiting Constipation Diarrhea

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Backache Confusion Insomnia Dream disorder (abnormal This is a list of adverse effects of the antidepressant trazodone, sorted by frequency of occurrence b16426ba0e

The incidence of these adverse effects is not totally known as the scarcity of well-designed clinical trials involving doxepin prohibits it. Side effects that are common (based on its pharmacology or the frequency of these side effects with related agents) appear with a * superscript whereas the serious side effects are in bold. Doxepin is licensed to be used in much smaller doses (viz., 3mg and 6 mg) in some countries, the side-effects profile of which may differ from this list. b16426ba0e == Very common == b16426ba0e

Methylnaltrexone However, since a significant fraction (up to 60%) of opioid analgesia can be mediated by opioid receptors on peripheral sensory neurons, particularly in inflammatory conditions such as arthritis, traumatic or surgical pain, MNTX may increase pain under such circumstances. receptor antagonist that acts to reverse some of the side

effects of opioid drugs such as constipation without significantly affecting pain relief or Methylnaltrexone (MNTX, brand name Relistor), used in form of methylnaltrexone bromide (INN, USAN, BAN), is a medication that acts as a peripherally acting μ -opioid receptor antagonist that acts to reverse some of the side effects of opioid drugs such as constipation without significantly affecting pain relief or precipitating withdrawals. Because MNTX is a quaternary ammonium cation, it cannot cross the blood-brain barrier, and so has antagonist effects throughout the body, counteracting effects such as itching and constipation, but without affecting opioid effects in the brain such as pain relief b16426ba0e

Constipation has many causes. Common causes include slow movement of stool within the colon, irritable bowel syndrome, and pelvic floor disorders. Underlying associated diseases include hypothyroidism, diabetes, Parkinson's disease, celiac disease, non-celiac gluten sensitivity, vitamin B12 deficiency, colon cancer, diverticulitis, and inflammatory bowel disease. Medications associated with constipation include opioids, certain antacids, calcium channel blockers, and anticholinergics. Of those taking

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opioids about 90% develop constipation. Constipation is more concerning when there is weight loss or anemia, blood is present in the stool, there is a... b16426ba0e Very common (>10% incidence) adverse effects include: b16426ba0e

List of side effects of tramadol common side effects of tramadol in order of decreasing incidence are: Note: Serious adverse effects are in bold. Dizziness Nausea Constipation Vertigo The most common side effects of tramadol in order of decreasing incidence are: b16426ba0e

The most common side effects are abdominal pain, diarrhea, nausea, flatulence, vomiting, and headache. b16426ba0e == Presentation == b16426ba0e

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