

Back Of Throat Red Dots

== Taxonomy and systematics ==

Yellow-throated day gecko It typically inhabits rainforests and dwells on trees. The throat is light yellow and the ventral side is The yellow-throated day gecko (*Phelsuma flavigularis*) is an endangered diurnal species of gecko from eastern Madagascar. On the back there are small brownish or reddish dots and spottings. This endangered species feeds on insects and nectar. stripes may be present on the neck

== Description == The maximum total length (including tail) is 25 cm (9.8 in) which makes it significantly larger than any of the other *Algyroides* species. *A. nigropunctatus* can be recognized

Back Of Throat Red Dots

by the keeled V-shaped scales on the flanks, tail and back. It owes its common name to the bright blue throat of the males in the mating season. Sometimes also females get a blue throat that is less bright. The remainder of the body is light brown to rusty brown, the belly is white to yellowish. It owes its specific name, *nigropunctatus*, to the rows of black dots on the back. These dots are mostly missing in females outside the mating season. ef4eea80fe

Tahiti rail white dots and bands. It was first recorded during James Cook's second voyage around the world (1772-1775), on which it was illustrated by Georg Forster and described by Johann Reinhold Forster. No specimens have been preserved. The Tahiti rail appears to have been closely related to, and perhaps derived from, the buff-banded rail, and has also been historically confused with the Tongan subspecies of that bird. The nape (or hind neck) was ferruginous (rust-coloured), the breast was grey, and it had a black band across the lower throat. As well as the documentation by the Forsters, there have been claims that the bird also existed on the nearby

Back Of Throat Red Dots

island of Mehetia. The The Tahiti rail, Tahitian red-billed rail, or Pacific red-billed rail (*Gallirallus pacificus*) is an extinct species of rail that lived on Tahiti

The rusty-backed antwren has three subspecies, the nominate *F. rufa rufa*, *F. r. urubambae*, and *F. r. chapmani*.
Taxonomy and systematics

Rusty-backed antwren They have a white supercilium and the rest of the face and the throat are black The rusty-backed antwren (*Formicivora rufa*) is a species of bird in the family *Thamnophilidae*, the "typical antbirds". males of all three subspecies have a tawny rufous crown and upperparts. It is found in Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay, Peru, and Suriname

The name "Wagler's macaw" is in honor of German herpetologist and ornithologist Johann Georg Wagler, who processed many of

Back Of Throat Red Dots

Johan Baptist von Spix's Brazilian collections at LMU Munich, and first described the blue macaws for a European readership in *Monographia Psittacorum* (1832). The Tahiti rail was 9 inches (23 centimetres) long, and its colouration was unusual for a rail. The underparts, throat, and eyebrow-like supercilium were white, and the upper parts were black with white dots and bands. The nape (or hind neck) was ferruginous (rust-coloured), the breast was grey, and it had a black band across the lower throat. The bill and iris were red, and the legs were fleshy pink. The Tahiti rail was supposedly flightless and nested on the ground. It is said to have been seen in open areas, marshes, and in...

Dot-backed antbird It is found in Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Venezuela. The dot-backed antbird (*Hylophylax punctulatus*) is a species of bird in subfamily *Thamnophilinae* of family *Thamnophilidae*, the "typical antbirds". The dot-backed antbird (*Hylophylax punctulatus*) is a species of bird in subfamily *Thamnophilinae* of family *Thamnophilidae*, the "typical

Back Of Throat Red Dots

antbirds" ef4eea80fe

== Taxonomy and systematics == ef4eea80fe

Blue-throated macaw The blue-throated macaw (*Ara glaucogularis*), also known as the Caninde macaw or Wagler's macaw, is a macaw endemic to a small area of north-central Bolivia The blue-throated macaw (*Ara glaucogularis*), also known as the Caninde macaw or Wagler's macaw, is a macaw endemic to a small area of north-central Bolivia, known as Los Llanos de Moxos. Until 2010, it was hunted by native people to make feathered "Moxeño" headdresses for "machetero" ritual dances. In 2014 this species was designated by law as a natural patrimony of Bolivia ef4eea80fe

== Distribution == ef4eea80fe The dot-winged antwren is the only member of genus *Microrhopias*, which was erected by the English zoologist Philip Sclater in 1862. It has these 10 subspecies: ef4eea80fe The streak-throated canastero has three subspecies, the

Back Of Throat Red Dots

nominate *A. h. humilis* (Cabanis, 1873), *A. h. cajamarcae* (Zimmer, JT, 1936), and *A. h. robusta* (von Berlepsch, 1901). ef4eea80fe == Taxonomy and systematics == ef4eea80fe

Streak-throated canastero It is found in Bolivia The streak-throated canastero (*Asthenes humilis*) is a species of bird in the Furnariinae subfamily of the ovenbird family Furnariidae. It is found in Bolivia and Peru. The streak-throated canastero (*Asthenes humilis*) is a species of bird in the Furnariinae subfamily of the ovenbird family Furnariidae ef4eea80fe

Recent population and range estimates suggest that about 208-303 adult individuals remain in the wild. Its demise was brought upon by nesting competition, avian predation, and a small native range, exacerbated by indigenous hunting and capture for the pet trade. Current threats continue to include hunting and trapping as well as tree cutting, invasive species, disease, and use of powders or foams used to extinguish fires. It is listed as Critically Endangered by the

Back Of Throat Red Dots

IUCN in the wild and is protected by trading prohibitions.
ef4eea80fe

Dot-winged antwren gray head and upperparts, a black throat, and rufous-chestnut underparts that is darkest on the breast. Their pattern of white on the wings and tail are The dot-winged antwren (*Microrhopias quixensis*) or velvety antwren is a passerine bird in subfamily *Thamnophilinae* of family *Thamnophilidae*, the "typical antbirds". It is found in Mexico, every Central American country except El Salvador, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru, and Suriname ef4eea80fe

== Description == ef4eea80fe The dot-eared coquette is monotypic. ef4eea80fe == Taxonomy and systematics == ef4eea80fe

Dot-eared coquette It is found in Bolivia and Brazil. Its underparts The dot-eared coquette (*Lophornis gouldii*) is a species of

Back Of Throat Red Dots

hummingbird in the "coquettes", tribe Lesbiini of subfamily Lesbiinae. across the rump. Its throat is glittering emerald green. Long white feathers with shiny green dots make tufts that fan out and back on the cheeks ef4eea80fe

It is found in Central and South America (Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Panama, and Venezuela) and the Caribbean islands of Trinidad and Tobago and Margarita. According to the Global Register of Introduced and Invasive Species it has also been introduced and is invasive in Cuba, however this refers to a small population found around some parts of the margin of Rio Almendares in Havana that escaped from the Havana Zoo. ef4eea80fe

Red-tailed squirrel the middle of the back is very dark brown, especially in Colombia, less so in Panama; red throat, chest and belly with the hairs completely red; tail tricoloured The red-tailed squirrel (*Sciurus granatensis*) is a species of tree squirrel

Back Of Throat Red Dots

distributed from southern Central America to northern South America

Blue-throated keeled lizard These dots are mostly missing in females outside the mating season The blue-throated keeled lizard (*Algyroides nigropunctatus*), or Dalmatian algyroides, is a species of lizard in the family Lacertidae. It owes its specific name, *nigropunctatus*, to the rows of black dots on the back

This lizard belongs to the medium-sized day geckos. Males can reach a total length of about 15 cm (5.9 in) while females are often much smaller. The body colour is dark green or bluish green. On the snout there are two red transversal bars. One to three rust-coloured stripes may be present on the neck. On the back there are small brownish or reddish dots and spottings. The throat is light yellow and the ventral side is beige. *P. flavigularis* has blue eye rings.

Back Of Throat Red Dots

https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/o/course/key?PUB=love__from__the_brain
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/~w/book/slug?PAGE=medicament_o-para_diabetes_tipo__2
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/h/edu/file?PPT=lifespan_of_red_blood-corpuscles
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/=p/chap/dl?TXT=folie__a-deux__meaning
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/g/ref/slug?PUB=how-can__i__catch_aids
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/~a/lib/dl?ITUNE=vacuna__dela_fiebre-amarilla
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/-d/chap/visit?PLAY=where__is__cyanide-found
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/z/play/slug?PLAY=when-does__high-potential-air
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/=l/science/goto?PPT=high_intensity_interval__workouts-for-beginners