

Lion Tailed Macaque Is Found In

== Taxonomy == e2d94243b6 The Siberut macaque was originally described by Fuentes and Olson in 1995 as a subspecies of the Pagai macaque, under the name *Macaca pagensis siberu*. In 2002, Andrew Kitchener and Colin Groves re-examined the available specimens and compared the Siberut macaque with other members of the *Macaca nemestrina* group. They found it to be morphologically very distinct and concluded that it should be recognised as a separate species, *Macaca siberu*. e2d94243b6 == Taxonomy == e2d94243b6

Northern pig-tailed macaque (*nemestrina*), but is now classified as an individual species. *nemestrina*. The northern pig-tailed macaque (*Macaca leonina*) is a vulnerable species of macaque in the subfamily Cercopithecidae. Their adaptation to omnivorous diets occur in periods of fruit scarcity, munching on wild vegetation and crops, human foods, and small insects and mammals. Human impacts are also present, such as agricultural expansions. Traditionally, *M.* This reclassification was aided by the observation of sexual swellings and basic attributes that distinguish the two. It is found in Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, India, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, and Vietnam. *leonina* was considered a subspecies of the southern pig-tailed macaque (*M.* It is found in Bangladesh, Cambodia The northern pig-tailed macaque (*Macaca leonina*) is a vulnerable species of macaque in the subfamily Cercopithecidae. The northern pig-tailed macaque is frugivorous and their social grouping is matriarchal, where sexual dimorphic traits can distinguish males and females. In the 21st century, the pig-tailed macaque was split into the northern pig-tailed macaque species *Macaca leonina* and the Sundaland pig-tailed macaque

species *M. Despite their adaptability, northern-pig tailed macaques experience viral threats such as the human immunodeficiency virus type 1, pathogenic simian immunodeficiency, and coronavirus*

There are four recognized subspecies: Most macaque species are listed as vulnerable to critically endangered on the International Union of the Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Red List. The crab-eating macaque is the most traded primate species and also the most popular species used in scientific research. Due to these threats, the crab-eating macaque was listed as Endangered on the IUCN Red List in 2022.

Bonnet macaque Its distribution is limited by the Indian Ocean on three sides and the Godavari and Tapi rivers, along with that of the rhesus macaque, its related competitor to the north. "Male-male relationships in lion-tailed macaques (*Macaca silenus*) and bonnet macaques (*Macaca radiata*)" (PDF). International Journal The bonnet macaque (*Macaca radiata*), also known as zati, is a species of macaque endemic to southern India. Land use changes in the last few decades have resulted in changes in its distribution boundaries with the rhesus macaque, raising concern for its conservation status in the wild. Kaumanns, Werner (2010)

Aside from... The bonnet macaque is diurnal, arboreal, and terrestrial. It can live up to 35 years in captivity. == Characteristics ==

Southern pig-tailed macaque It is known locally as beruk. pig-tailed macaque (*Macaca nemestrina*), also known as the Sundaland pig-tailed macaque and the Sunda pig-tailed macaque, is a medium-sized macaque that The southern pig-tailed macaque (*Macaca nemestrina*), also known as the Sundaland pig-tailed macaque and the Sunda pig-tailed macaque, is a medium-sized macaque that lives in Sundaland, southern Thailand, Malaysia, and

Indonesia e2d94243b6

Siberut macaque nemestrina). Both were formerly considered subspecies of the southern pig-tailed macaque (*M. nemestrina*). It was formerly considered conspecific with the Pagai Island macaque (*M. nemestrina*). The Siberut macaque was originally described by Fuentes and Olson in 1995 as a subspecies of the Pagai macaque, under The Siberut macaque (*Macaca siberu*) is a vulnerable species of macaque, which is endemic to Siberut Island in Indonesia. *pagensis*) which is overall paler in color, but this arrangement was polyphyletic. *nemestrina*) e2d94243b6

Tibetan macaque This species lives in subtropical forests (mixed deciduous to evergreen) at elevations from 800 to 2,500 m (2,600 to 8,200 ft) above sea level. Tibetan macaque (*Macaca thibetana*), also known as Père David's Macaque, the Chinese stump-tailed macaque or Milne-Edwards's macaque, is a macaque species The Tibetan macaque (*Macaca thibetana*), also known as Père David's Macaque, the Chinese stump-tailed macaque or Milne-Edwards' macaque, is a macaque species found from eastern Tibet east to Guangdong and north to Shaanxi in China. It has also been reported in northeastern India e2d94243b6

== Etymology == e2d94243b6 The bonnet macaque feeds on fruits, true nuts, seeds (culinary "nuts"), flowers, invertebrates and cereals. In southern India, this macaque has a commensal interaction with humans, feeding on food given by humans and raiding farms and houses. e2d94243b6 Pagai Island macaque males are generally larger than females. The males' body lengths range from 45–55 cm (18–22 in) and females' body lengths are around 40–45 cm (16–18 in). Tail length is 13–16 cm (5.1–6.3 in) for males and 10–13 cm (3.9–5.1 in) for females. Males are also heavier, weighing around 6–9 kg (13–20 lb) while females weigh 4.5–6 kg (9.9–13.2 lb). Their backs have a dark brown coloration, and chestnut to pale ochre on the sides of the neck,

the front of the shoulders and the undersides of this species. Legs are brown and their arms, reddish brown. The faces of Mentawai macaques are furless and black-skinned with brown eyes. They have cheek... e2d94243b6

Macaca fascicularis As a synanthropic species, the crab-eating macaque thrives near human settlements and in secondary forests. The crab-eating macaque has developed a variety of cultural perceptions, from being smart and adaptive, to being sacred, to even being pests in some cases. As a synanthropic species, the crab-eating macaque *Macaca fascicularis*, variously known by common names such as crab-eating macaque, long-tailed macaque, or cynomolgus monkey, is a macaque species native to Southeast Asia. macaque, long-tailed macaque, or cynomolgus monkey, is a macaque species native to Southeast Asia e2d94243b6

== Description == e2d94243b6 *Macaca* comes from the Portuguese word *macaco*, which was derived from *makaku*, a word in *Ibinda*, a language of Central Africa (*kaku* means... e2d94243b6

== Description == e2d94243b6 The name "bonnet macaque" has been derived from the species unique and distinctive head pattern. This pattern of hair growth radiates from the center of its crown, creating a visual resemblance of a "bonnet" or a "cap" on the head of the species. e2d94243b6 The crab-eating macaque is omnivorous and frugivorous. It lives in matrilineal groups ranging from 10 to 85 individuals, with groups exhibiting female philopatry and males emigrating from natal group at puberty. The crab-eating macaque is the only old-world monkey known to use stone tools in their daily foraging, and it engages in a robbing and bartering behavior in some tourist locations. e2d94243b6 Macaques are found in a variety of habitats throughout the Asian continent and are highly adaptable. Certain species are synanthropic, having learned to live alongside humans, but they have become problematic in urban areas in Southeast Asia and are not suitable to live with, as they can carry transmittable diseases.

e2d94243b6 == Etymology == e2d94243b6

Pagai Island macaque Both were formerly considered subspecies of the southern pig-tailed macaque. The males' body lengths range from 45–55 cm (18–22 in) and females'. The Pagai Island macaque (*Macaca pagensis*), also known as the Pagai macaque or Bokkoi, is an Old World monkey endemic to the Mentawai Islands off the west coast of Sumatra. It is listed as critically endangered on the IUCN Red List due to its ever-shrinking habitat. southern pig-tailed macaque. *Macaca pagensis* formerly included the overall darker Siberut macaque as a subspecies, but this arrangement is polyphyletic, leading to the two being classified as separate species. Pagai Island macaque males are generally larger than females e2d94243b6

== Etymology and taxonomy == e2d94243b6 These monkeys are primarily frugivorous but eat many types of vegetation, including seeds, leaves, and roots. They also hunt freshwater crabs, frogs, bird eggs and insects. e2d94243b6 The species epithet, *nemestrina*, is an adjective (derived from Latin *Nemestrinus*, meaning "the god of groves") modified to agree in gender with the feminine generic name. *M. nemestrina* formerly included the northern pig-tailed, Pagai Island, and Siberut macaques as subspecies. All four are now considered separate species. e2d94243b6

Lion-tailed macaque The lion-tailed macaque (*Macaca silenus*), locally called wanderoo, is an Old World monkey endemic to the Western Ghats of South India. Lion-tailed macaques The lion-tailed macaque (*Macaca silenus*), locally called wanderoo, is an Old World monkey endemic to the Western Ghats of South India e2d94243b6

Stump-tailed macaques have long, thick, fur, and vary widely in their appearance, relative to other primates. Their fur can be gray, brown, reddish, or black, and their faces maybe have

freckles or irregular patches. Their short tail ranges between 32 and 69 mm (1.3 and 2.7 in). Like other macaques, they have cheek pouches to store food for short periods of time. Infants are born white and darken as they mature. As they age, their bright pink or red faces darken to brown or nearly black and lose most of the hair. Males are larger than females, measuring 51.7–65 cm (20.4–25.6 in) long and weighing 9.7–10.2 kg (21–22 lb), while females...

e2d94243b6 == Characteristics == e2d94243b6

Macaque nemestrina) in Malaysia eats about 70 large rats each year. mammals. Some species such as the long-tailed macaque (*M. The 23 species of macaques inhabit ranges throughout Asia, North Africa, and Europe (in Gibraltar). nemestrina) in Malaysia eats about 70 large rats each year. Macaques are principally frugivorous (preferring fruit), although their diet also includes seeds, leaves, flowers, and tree bark. fascicularis; also called the crab-eating macaque) will supplement their diets with small amounts of meat from shellfish, insects, and small mammals. On average, a southern pig-tailed macaque (*M. All macaque social groups are arranged around The macaques () constitute a genus (Macaca) of gregarious Old World monkeys of the subfamily Cercopithecinae. All macaque social groups are arranged around dominant matriarchs. On average, a southern pig-tailed macaque (M e2d94243b6**

Stump-tailed macaque In India, they The stump-tailed macaque (*Macaca arctoides*), also called the bear macaque, is a species of macaque native to South Asia and Southeast Asia. The range in India extends from Assam and Meghalaya to eastern Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram and Tripura. In India, they can be found south of the Brahmaputra River, in the northeastern part of the country. The stump-tailed macaque (*Macaca arctoides*), also called the bear macaque, is a species of macaque native to South Asia and Southeast Asia e2d94243b6

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