

Itchy Spots All Over Body

Keratosis pilaris Often the lesions can appear on the face, which may be mistaken for acne or folliculitis. people and dark spots in dark-skinned people. Irritation due Keratosis pilaris (KP; also follicular keratosis, lichen pilaris, or colloquially chicken skin) is a common, autosomal-dominant, genetic condition of the skin's hair follicles characterized by the appearance of possibly itchy, small, gooseflesh-like bumps, with varying degrees of reddening or inflammation. It most often appears on the outer sides of the upper arms (the forearms can also be affected), thighs, face, back, and buttocks; KP can also occur on the hands, and tops of legs, sides, or any body part except glabrous (hairless) skin (like the palms or soles of feet). Most people with KP do not have symptoms, but the bumps in the skin can occasionally be itchy 7237d05437

They are reported to bite humans, with effects including a red mark, and local itchiness, swelling and pain. On rare occasions, bites can cause nausea, vomiting, malaise or headache. Although ulcers and necrosis have been attributed to the bites, a scientific study by Isbister and Gray (2003) showed they had other causes, mostly infections. A study of 130 white-tailed spider bites found no necrotic ulcers or confirmed infections. 7237d05437 Typically, guttate psoriasis erupts after a throat infection, or strep throat. Initially, when the throat infection has cleared up, the person can feel fine for several weeks before noticing the appearance of red spots. They appear small at first, like a dry red spot which is slightly itchy. When scratched or picked, the top layer of dry skin is removed, leaving dry, red skin beneath with white, dry areas marking where flakes of dry skin stop and start. In the weeks that follow, the spots can grow to as much as an inch in diameter. Some of the larger ones may form a pale area in the center which is slightly yellow. 7237d05437 Ludwig Carl Christian Koch described Lampona cylindrata in 1866 and Lampona murina in 1873. The name comes from the Latin lampo ("to shine"). The species name cylindrata refers to the cylindric body shape, while murinus means "mouse-gray" in Latin. 7237d05437 == Classification == 7237d05437

Canine terminology Dog terminology is often specific to each breed or type of dog. This terminology is not typically used for any of the wild species or subspecies of wild wolves, foxes, coyotes, dholes, jackals or the basal caninae. Breed standards use this terminology in the description of the ideal external appearance of each breed, although similar characteristics may be described with different terms in different breeds. The skin for this specific breed is normal but can get itchy at times, these dogs need regular bathing Canine terminology in this article refers only to dog terminology, specialized terms describing the characteristics of various external parts of the domestic dog, as well as terms for structure, movement, and temperament. blades; often it is the tallest point of the body 7237d05437

Unmyelinated nerve fibers for itches and pain both originate in the skin. Information for them is conveyed centrally in two distinct systems that both use the same nerve bundle and spinothalamic tract. 7237d05437 Most commonly, an itch is felt in one place. If it is felt all over the body, then it is called generalized itch or generalized pruritus. Generalized itch is infrequently a symptom of a serious underlying condition, such as cholestatic liver disease. 7237d05437 The several types of KP have been associated with pregnancy, type 1 diabetes mellitus, obesity, dry skin, allergic diseases (e.g., atopic dermatitis), and rarely cancer. Many rarer types of the disorder are part of inherited genetic syndromes. 7237d05437

Demodicosis misdiagnosed as a "hot spot" or other skin ailment. as the host's immune system is unable to keep the mites under control. In the more severe form, hair loss can occur in patches all over the body and might be accompanied Demodicosis , also called Demodex folliculitis in humans and demodectic mange () or red mange in animals, is caused by a sensitivity to and overpopulation of Demodex spp 7237d05437

Lick granuloma pain and makes the animal feel comfort temporarily. In dogs, it results typically from the dog's urge to lick the lower portion of one of their legs. Other triggers include itchy skin, painful conditions caused by trauma to the skin, arthritis, neuralgia A lick granuloma, also known as acral lick dermatitis, is a skin disorder found most commonly in dogs, but also in cats 7237d05437

== Dog coats == 7237d05437

Itch tract. Most commonly, an itch is felt in one place. If it is felt all over the body, then it is called generalized itch or generalized pruritus. Generalized An itch (also known as pruritus) is a sensation that causes a strong desire or reflex to scratch. Itches have many similarities to pain, and while both are unpleasant sensory experiences, their behavioral response patterns are different. Pain creates a withdrawal reflex, whereas itches lead to a scratch reflex 7237d05437

One theory about the cause of lick granulomas is that excessive licking causes endorphin release, which reduces pain and makes the animal feel comfort temporarily. 7237d05437 A major cause of lick granuloma appears to be psychological, related to stress, anxiety, separation anxiety, boredom, or compulsiveness. Lick granulomas are especially seen in active dogs left alone for long periods of time. 7237d05437 The lesion can initially be red, swollen, irritated, and bleeding, similar to a hot spot (wet eczema). The animal's incessant licking of the lesion eventually results in a thickened, firm, oval plaque, which is the granuloma. 7237d05437 == Books == 7237d05437 Other triggers include itchy skin, painful conditions caused by trauma to the skin, arthritis, neuralgia, and peripheral neuropathy. A bacterial or fungal infection of the skin can also trigger itching, as can skin mites, allergies, a reaction to an environmental irritant or toxin, hyperthyroidism, and certain types of cancer. 7237d05437 Treatment of the primary cause, if known... 7237d05437 == Signs and symptoms == 7237d05437 The cause of KP is not completely understood. As of 2018, KP is thought to be due to abnormalities in the deposition of the protein keratin in hair follicles, in the hair shaft, or in both. KP is usually diagnosed by a medical professional based on the appearance of the skin, but dermoscopy... 7237d05437 Guttate psoriasis can occur on any part of the body, particularly the

legs, arms, torso, eyelids, back, bottom, bikini line, and neck. The... 7237d05437

Senile pruritus Diagnosis is based on an elimination criteria during a full body examination Senile pruritus is one of the most common conditions in the elderly or people over 65 years of age with an emerging itch that may be accompanied with changes in temperature and textural characteristics. In the elderly, xerosis, is the most common cause for an itch due to the degradation of the skin barrier over time. barrier over time. Diagnosis is based on an elimination criteria during a full body examination that can be done by either a dermatologist or non-dermatologist physician. However, the cause of senile pruritus is not clearly known. However, the cause of senile pruritus is not clearly known 7237d05437

== Signs and symptoms == 7237d05437

White-tailed spider swelling and itchiness); and rarely systemic (nausea, vomiting, malaise or headache). Common species are *Lampona cylindrata* and *Lampona murina*. Slaughter White-tailed spiders are spiders native to southern and eastern Australia, with the name referring to the whitish tips at the end of their abdomens. Both these species have been introduced into New Zealand. The body size is up to 18 mm, with a leg-span of 28 mm. All these symptoms are generally mild and resolve over time 7237d05437

White-tailed spiders are vagrant hunters that seek out and envenom prey rather than spinning a web to capture it; their preferred prey is other spiders. 7237d05437

Brown-tail moth Two red spots on the back, toward the tail, distinguish these species from other similarly hairy moth larvae. , large population increases of several years duration, have been reported as far back as the 1500s. The species is polyphagous, meaning that it feeds on many different species of trees, including pear, apple, maple and oak. e. Hairs from the caterpillars are toxic for humans, causing a poison ivy-like itchy rash of up to sometimes weeks-long duration due to mechanical and chemical The brown-tail moth (*Euproctis chrysorrhoea*) is a moth of the family *Erebidae*. The winged adults have white wings and a hairy white body with a tuft of brown hair at the tip of the abdomen. Females lay one egg cluster, usually on the underside of a leaf of a host plant. Larvae (caterpillars) are covered in hairs. The life cycle of the moth is atypical, in that it spends approximately nine months (August to April) as larvae (caterpillars), leaving about one month each for pupae, imagos and eggs. It is native to Europe, neighboring countries in Asia, and the north coast of Africa. Descriptions of outbreaks, i 7237d05437

This species was accidentally introduced to the United States in the 1890s. During the early 20th century it was present from eastern Connecticut northward into New Brunswick, Canada, but a subsequent severe population collapse reduced the territory... 7237d05437

Guttate psoriasis 5 cm in diameter) lesions over the upper trunk and proximal extremities; it is found frequently in young adults. 5-1. before noticing the appearance of red spots. When scratched or picked, the top layer Guttate psoriasis (also known as eruptive psoriasis) is a type of psoriasis that presents as small (0. They appear small at first, like a dry red spot which is slightly itchy 7237d05437

Demodex is a genus of mite in the family Demodicidae. The mites are specific to their hosts, and each mammal species is host to one or two unique species of Demodex mites. Therefore, demodicosis cannot be transferred across species and has no zoonotic potential. 7237d05437 This type of itch is just one out of six different classifications. 7237d05437 The term "guttate" is used to describe the drop-like appearance of skin lesions. Guttate psoriasis is classically triggered by a bacterial infection, usually an upper respiratory tract infection. 7237d05437 == Taxonomy == 7237d05437 If the sensation of itching persists for six weeks or longer, then it is called chronic itch or chronic pruritus. Chronic idiopathic pruritus or chronic pruritus of unknown origin is a form of itch that persists for longer than six weeks, and for which no clear cause can be identified. 7237d05437

Body swap appearances in media This list features exchanges between two beings, and thus excludes similar phenomena of body hopping, spirit possession, transmigration, and avatars, unless the target being's mind is conversely placed in the source's body. It also excludes age transformations that are sometimes reviewed or promoted as body swaps, as in the movies *Big* and *17 Again*; identity/role swaps, typically between clones, look-alikes, or doppelgängers; and characters with multiple personalities. In 2013, Disney Channel held a *Freaky Friday* with seven shows that featured body-swapping episodes. See Body swaps, first popularized in Western Anglophone culture by the personal identity chapter of John Locke's *Essay Concerning Human Understanding*, have been a common storytelling device in fiction media. TV episodes where characters swap bodies. have a body swap as a major storyline or feature a character who has swapped bodies over multiple episodes. Novels such as *Vice Versa* (1882) and *Freaky Friday* (1972) have inspired numerous film adaptations and retellings, as well as television series and episodes, many with titles derived from "Freaky Friday" 7237d05437

== Classification == 7237d05437

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