

Ulcer At Side Of Tongue

== Health effects == 0d03334a01 == Alternative names == 0d03334a01

Oral mucocoele ulcer. Other causes of bumps inside lips are aphthous ulcer Oral mucocoele (also mucous extravasation cyst, mucous cyst of the oral mucosa, and mucous retention and extravasation phenomena) is a condition caused by two related phenomena - mucus extravasation phenomenon and mucous retention cyst. Despite healing after a few days, superficial mucocoeles recur often in the same location 0d03334a01

Although these lesions are often called cysts, mucocoeles are not true cysts because they have no epithelial lining. Rather, they are polyps. 0d03334a01

Glossitis Glossitis usually responds well to treatment if the cause is identified and corrected. Glossitis is often caused by nutritional deficiencies and may be painless or cause discomfort. Glossitis can mean soreness of the tongue, or more usually inflammation with depapillation of the dorsal surface of the tongue (loss of the lingual papillae) Glossitis can mean soreness of the tongue, or more usually inflammation with depapillation of the dorsal surface of the tongue (loss of the lingual papillae), leaving a smooth and erythematous (reddened) surface, (sometimes specifically termed atrophic glossitis). In a wider sense, glossitis can mean inflammation of the tongue generally. Tongue soreness caused by glossitis is differentiated from burning mouth syndrome, where there is no identifiable change in the appearance of the tongue, and there are no identifiable causes 0d03334a01

Prostaglandin E1 It is on the World Health Organization's List of Essential Medicines Prostaglandin E1 (PGE1) is a naturally occurring prostaglandin with various medical uses. Lubiprostone, a derivative of prostaglandin E1, is also used as a medication. Prostaglandin E1 is a vasodilator. manage duodenal ulcers and peptic ulcer disease when other medications are not effective. It has various effects in the body that include opening blood vessels, relaxing smooth muscle, inhibiting clotting, and causing uterine contractions. Alprostadil and misoprostol are synthetic forms of prostaglandin E1 used as medications 0d03334a01

Aphthous stomatitis formation of the ulcer, and then recedes as healing progresses. Ulcers on the Aphthous stomatitis, or

recurrent aphthous stomatitis (RAS), commonly referred to as a canker sore or salt blister, is a common condition characterized by the repeated formation of benign and non-contagious mouth ulcers (aphthae) in otherwise healthy individuals. If there are lesions on the tongue, speaking and chewing can be uncomfortable 0d03334a01

Misoprostol has various obstetric uses. It is used to induce abortion, to completely empty the uterus after a miscarriage...

0d03334a01 The two most common causes of oral ulceration are local trauma (e.g. rubbing from a sharp edge on a broken filling or braces, biting one's lip, etc.) and aphthous stomatitis ("canker sores"), a condition characterized by the recurrent formation of oral ulcers for largely unknown reasons. Mouth ulcers often cause pain and discomfort and may alter the person's choice of food while healing occurs (e.g. avoiding acidic, sugary, salty or spicy foods and beverages). 0d03334a01 Mucous extravasation phenomenon is a swelling of connective tissue consisting of a collection of fluid called mucus. This occurs because of a ruptured salivary gland duct usually caused by local trauma (damage) in the case of mucous extravasation phenomenon and an obstructed or ruptured salivary duct in the case of a mucus retention cyst. The mucocele has a bluish, translucent color, and is more commonly found in children and young adults. 0d03334a01 The cause is not completely understood but involves a T cell-mediated immune response triggered by a variety of factors which may include nutritional deficiencies, local trauma, stress, hormonal influences, allergies, genetic predisposition, certain foods, dehydration, some food additives, or some hygienic chemical additives like SDS (common in toothpaste). 0d03334a01

Tongue cleaner cause irritation or ulcers. Some people have inappropriately used the tongue cleaner to scrape or brush the lingual tonsils (tongue tonsils). While there may be potential benefits from the use of a tongue cleaner, there are no clear conclusions with respect to bad breath. There has A tongue cleaner (also called a tongue scraper or tongue brush) is an oral hygiene device designed to clean the coating on the upper surface of the tongue 0d03334a01

Ranitidine bismuth citrate Helicobacter pylori, a protective effect on the gastric mucosa. Stomach ulcer and duodenal ulcer, including those associated with Helicobacter pylori (in combination Ranitidine bismuth citrate - drug, which has antisecretory and bactericidal action 0d03334a01

== Shape == 0d03334a01 == Signs and symptoms == 0d03334a01 The size of oral mucocèles vary from 1 mm to several centimeters and they usually are slightly transparent with a blue tinge. On palpation, mucocèles may appear fluctuant, but can also be firm. Their duration lasts from days to years, and may have recurrent swelling with occasional rupturing of its contents. 0d03334a01 In infants with certain congenital heart defects, alprostadil is delivered by slow injection into a vein to maintain a patent ductus arteriosus until surgery can be carried out. By injection into the penis or placement in the urethra, alprostadil is

used to treat erectile dysfunction. Common side effects when given to babies include decreased breathing, fever, and low blood pressure. When injected into the penis for erectile dysfunction; side effects may include penile pain, bleeding at the site of injection, and prolonged erection (priapism). Prostaglandin E1 was isolated in 1957 and approved for medical use in the United States in 1981. 0d03334a01 Group affiliation: H2-histamine receptor blocker. 0d03334a01

Mouth ulcer Rarely, a mouth ulcer that does not heal may be a sign of oral cancer. These ulcers may form individually or multiple ulcers may appear at once (i. mouth ulcer (aphtha), or sometimes called a canker sore or salt blister, is an ulcer that occurs on the mucous membrane of the oral cavity. e. Mouth ulcers are very common, occurring in association with many diseases and by many different mechanisms, but usually there is no serious underlying cause. Mouth ulcers are A mouth ulcer (aphtha), or sometimes called a canker sore or salt blister, is an ulcer that occurs on the mucous membrane of the oral cavity. , a "crop" of ulcers). Once formed, an ulcer may be maintained by inflammation and/or secondary infection 0d03334a01

== Lips == 0d03334a01 Antibiotics and agents to reduce gastric acid secretion are used in combinations to treat *Helicobacter pylori* (*H. pylori*)-induced peptic ulcer disease (PUD), an ulceration in the gastric region. Antibiotics include amoxicillin, clarithromycin and metronidazole. Bismuth subsalicylate is an antimicrobial agent of another drug class that can also be used to eradicate *H. pylori* for treating PUD. Agents for suppressing gastric acid secretion are proton-pump inhibitors (PPI), such as lansoprazole, pantoprazole, rabeprazole, omeprazole and esomeprazole. 0d03334a01

Esophagogastroduodenoscopy Endoscopic image of Barrett's esophagus, which is the area of red mucosa projecting like a tongue. It is considered a minimally invasive procedure since it does not require an incision into one of the major body cavities and does not require any significant recovery after the procedure (unless sedation or anesthesia has been used). Deep gastric ulcer Endoscopic still of duodenum of patient with Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD) or oesophagogastroduodenoscopy (OGD), also called by various other names, is a diagnostic endoscopic procedure that visualizes the upper part of the gastrointestinal tract down to the duodenum. However, a sore throat is common 0d03334a01

Mouth assessment To assess the tonsils, a patient opens their mouth and a tongue blade is used to depress the tongue. Before an assessment of the mouth, patient is sometimes advised to remove any dentures. The assessment begins with a dental-health questionnaire, including questions about toothache, hoarseness, dysphagia (difficulty swallowing), altered taste or a frequent sore throat, current and previous tobacco use and alcohol consumption and any sores, lesions or bleeding of the gums. candidiasis, aphthous ulcer and leukoplakia. A penlight is A mouth assessment is performed as part of a patient's health assessment. The mouth is the beginning of the digestive system and a substantial part of the respiratory tract 0d03334a01

== Symptoms == 0d03334a01 These ulcers occur periodically and heal completely between attacks. In the majority of cases, the individual ulcers last about 7-10 days, and ulceration episodes occur 3-6 times per year. Most appear on the non-keratinizing epithelial surfaces in the mouth - i.e., anywhere except the attached gingiva, the hard palate, and the dorsum of the tongue. However, the more severe forms, which are less common, may also involve keratinizing epithelial surfaces. Symptoms range from a minor nuisance to interfering with eating and drinking. The severe forms may be debilitating, even... 0d03334a01

Triamcinolone, vitamin B2 and vitamin B12 can be used to treat mouth ulcers, which are confined, shallow, round to oval-shaped lesions that sometimes contain yellowish adherent central exudate and give a pain sensation. 0d03334a01 The large surface area and lingual papillae are anatomical features of the tongue that promote tongue coating by retaining microorganisms and oral debris consisting of food, saliva and dead epithelial cells. Tongue cleaning is done less often than tooth brushing, flossing, and using mouthwash. 0d03334a01

Anti-ulcer agent Anti-ulcer agents are medications or supplements used to cure the damage of mucosal layer on organs to prevent the damage from further extending to deeper Anti-ulcer agents are medications or supplements used to cure the damage of mucosal layer on organs to prevent the damage from further extending to deeper regions to cause complications 0d03334a01

== Anti-ulcer agents to treat mouth ulcer == 0d03334a01 The words esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD; American English) and oesophagogastroduodenoscopy (OGD; British English; see spelling differences) are pronounced . It is also called panendoscopy (PES) and upper GI endoscopy. It is also often called just upper endoscopy, upper GI, or even just endoscopy; because EGD is the most commonly performed type of endoscopy, the ambiguous term endoscopy is sometimes informally used to refer to EGD by default. The term gastroscopy literally focuses on the stomach alone, but in practice, the usage overlaps. 0d03334a01 An anti-ulcer medication for treating mouth ulcer is triamcinolone, a corticosteroid. Other anti-ulcer supplements include vitamin B2 and vitamin B12. 0d03334a01

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