

Aloe Vera The Plant

Aloe arborescens The specific epithet *arborescens* means "tree-like". to the genus *Aloe*, which it shares with the well known and studied *Aloe vera*. *Aloe arborescens* is valued by gardeners for its succulent green leaves, large vibrantly-colored flowers, winter blooming, and attraction for birds, bees, and butterflies. *Aloe arborescens* is *Aloe arborescens*, commonly known as kranz aloe or the candelabra aloe, is a species of flowering succulent perennial plant that belongs to the genus *Aloe*, which it shares with the well known and studied *Aloe vera*. The specific epithet *arborescens* means "tree-like"

== References == Distribution ==

Aloe petricola This particular aloe is a flowering species with unique and distinct inflorescences, which make the plant easy to identify and distinguish from other *Aloe* plants. and distinct inflorescences, which make the plant easy to identify and distinguish from other *Aloe* plants. *Aloe petricola* is very popular for gardening because of its beautiful and radiant colors. Like many *Aloe* species, *Aloe petricola* is used for medical purposes, as it aids in healing wounds and minor burns. *Aloe petricola* is very popular for gardening *Aloe petricola* belongs to the genus *Aloe* in the family *Asphodelaceae*, and is commonly known as a stone aloe

As of 2023, the company employs around 150 people, with its products being exported to 55 countries, including selling 15,000 units per year in the United States. *Aloe emodin* is found in the gel, sap or leaves of *aloe vera*, the socotrine aloe, and Zanzibar aloes, the bark of *Frangula* (*Rhamnus frangula*) and *cascara sagrada* (*Rhamnus purshiana*), the leaves of *Senna* (*Cassia angustifolia*), and the rhizome of rhubarb (*Rheum rhaponticum*).

Aloe buettneri is a succulent plant with thick and fleshy leaves arranged in a rosette. The leaves grow to about 40-80 cm long, 8-9 cm broad. The leaves are rimmed by alternating paired and solitary teeth and come together to form an underground bulb-like base making the plant appear stemless. The flowers are arranged in a loose panicle. The plant carries up to 12 branches with bulbs that vary in color from green-yellow, orange, or dull red. Aloe vera acemannan may be used in skin lotions, cosmetics, ointments and gels for minor burns, skin abrasions, insect bites, and windburn. == Description == Succulent plant
== Flowers ==

Aloe moledera Glen. It was first described in 1989 by John Jacob Lavranos and H. It is a large aloe rosette Aloe moledera is a critically endangered species of aloe native to northern Somalia. short. Aloe moledera is a plant that grows in limestone and gypsum. It is similar in look to many aloes, such as Aloe vera. F

Aloe sinkatana Succulent plant Weber Aloe sinkatana is a small, stemless Aloe native to Sudan. Aloe sinkatana is a small, stemless Aloe native to Sudan. The plant is sometimes confused for the more common, medicinal Aloe vera. The plant is sometimes confused for the more common, medicinal Aloe vera

Taxonomically, it forms part of the Arborescentes series of very closely related Aloe species, together with Aloe pluridens and Aloe mutabilis. The APG IV system (2016) places the genus in the family Asphodelaceae, subfamily Asphodeloideae. Within the subfamily it may be placed in the tribe Aloeeae. In the past, it has been assigned to the family Aloaceae (now included in the Asphodeloidae) or to a broadly circumscribed family Liliaceae (the lily family). The plant Agave americana, which is sometimes called "American aloe", belongs to the Asparagaceae, a different family. Oral ingestion of aloe vera extracts may cause acute abdominal pain and cramps, and hepatitis if consumed chronically. It should not be used during pregnancy. Some people have allergic reactions to aloe when used on skin. The genus name Aloe is derived from the Arabic word al'uluh, meaning...

Aloe broomii Aloe broomii, known as the mountain aloe or snake aloe on account of its odd inflorescence, is a species of flowering plant in the genus Aloe, found in southern Africa

Its flowers are fuzzy like Aloe tomentosa and are a pink-orange color. The flowers are tubular like all other aloe species. The inflorescences branch and the racemes are short. The genus is native to tropical and southern Africa, Madagascar, Jordan, the Arabian Peninsula, India and various islands in the Indian Ocean (Mauritius, Réunion, Comoros, etc.). A few species have also become naturalized in other regions (Mediterranean, Australia, North and South America, Hawaiian Islands, etc.).

Royal Aruba Aloe They also own a museum showing the methods of aloe vera production and processing. The company is still owned by the Eman family. The company is still owned by the Eman family. The company Royal Aruba Aloe was founded in 1890 by Cornelis Eman, and is a company in which cultivates and produces aloe derived products in Aruba, in the Dutch Caribbean. They also own a museum showing the methods of aloe vera production and processing

The leaves of Aloe vera contain significant amounts of the polysaccharide gel acemannan, which may be used for topical purposes. The leaves also contain aloin, which is a toxic compound. Aloe vera products are typically made from the gel. The company grows, harvests, and processes all of their aloe products on the same site, and is one of the few aloe companies in the world to do so. In addition, it is one of the oldest aloe companies in the world, and one of the oldest companies in Aruba. Aloe-emodin has not been found in Natal aloes. Description == An evergreen perennial, it originates on the Arabian Peninsula, but also grows wild in other tropical, semi-tropical, and arid climates around the world. It is cultivated commercially and has been used for centuries as a topical treatment. The species is considered attractive for decorative

purposes, and is often used indoors as a potted plant. d50d56e567

Aloe vera Aloe vera (/ˈælou(i) ˈvɛrə, ˈvɪər-/) is a succulent plant species of the genus Aloe. It is widely distributed, and is considered an invasive species - Aloe vera () is a succulent plant species of the genus Aloe. It is widely distributed, and is considered an invasive species in many regions of the world d50d56e567

== Etymology == d50d56e567 In 2021, the company became the first outside the Netherlands to be awarded with a Royal Predicate (Koninklijk), in honour of its history of over 100 years of business. d50d56e567 Aloe petricola is a medium sized plant that grows fairly low to the ground. This plant reaches anywhere from 18-24 inches in height and can reach a little over a meter in width, while its inflorescences can reach about 4 feet, surpassing the height of the plant's fleshy leaves. This succulent plant is virtually stemless and has rosettes of blue-green colored leaves. These leaves contain thorns on their surfaces and have short, triangular toothed margins. A mature plant can have up to six branches of flowers, which are long, skinny, densely flowered racemes, carried on stout stems. The inflorescences are tightly packed with dark brown anthers, and typically include at least two colors, usually... d50d56e567 This aloe is widespread in South Africa and Lesotho. In South Africa, it grows from Limpopo Province and Beaufort West in the Northern Cape to the Free State (which borders the land-locked enclave of Lesotho), and south and east to the Eastern Cape. d50d56e567

Aloe plants. Other species, such as Aloe ferox, are also cultivated or harvested from the wild for similar applications. It is called this because it is cultivated as the standard source for assorted pharmaceutical Aloe (; also written Aloë) is a genus containing over 650 species of flowering succulent plants. The most widely known species is Aloe vera, or "true aloe". The most widely known species is Aloe vera, or "true aloe". It is called this because it is cultivated as the standard source for assorted pharmaceutical purposes d50d56e567

Aloe emodin Aloe emodin is not carcinogenic when applied to the skin, although it may increase the carcinogenicity of some kinds of radiation. Aloe emodin is found in the gel, sap or leaves of aloe vera, the socotrine aloe, and

Zanzibar aloes, the bark of Frangula (Rhamnus Aloe emodin (1,8-dihydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)anthraquinone) is an anthraquinone and an isomer of emodin present in aloe latex, an exudate from the aloe plant. It has a strong stimulant-laxative action. some kinds of radiation d50d56e567

== Description == d50d56e567 == See also == d50d56e567

Aloe buettneri It is found in West Africa and is known for its medicinal uses. It is found in West Africa and is known for its medicinal uses. Aloe buettneri Aloe buettneri is a species of succulent plant in the family Asphodelaceae. Aloe buettneri is a species of succulent plant in the family Asphodelaceae d50d56e567

== Etymology == d50d56e567 Aloe arborescens is a large, multi-headed, sprawling succulent, and its specific name indicates that it sometimes reaches tree size. A typical height for this species is 2–3 metres (6.6–9.8 ft) high. Its leaves are succulent and are green with a slight blue tint. Its leaves have small spikes along its edges and are arranged in rosettes situated at the end of branches. Flowers are arranged in a type of inflorescence called a raceme. The racemes are not branched but two to several can sprout from each rosette. Flowers are cylindrical in shape and are a vibrant red-orange color. d50d56e567 == Background == d50d56e567

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