

Where Are The Himalayas Situated

== Flora and fauna == 8a2b28f375

Mustagh Pass The crest of the Baltoro Muztagh marks the present border between Pakistani and Chinese territory. 8234; 76. 8234°N 76. 16249°E / 35. 16249 near Mustagh Pass. Sarpo Laggo Pass is a 6,013-meter (19,728 ft)-high mountain pass at 35. more pasture in the lower part of this valley than in that of the Karakash River, where Shahidula is situated, and that in the old days the valley was populated The Mustagh Pass or Muztagh Pass (Chinese: ()) is a mountain pass across the Baltoro Muztagh subrange within the Karakoram, which includes K2, the world's second highest mountain 8a2b28f375

Ananda in the Himalayas Narendra Nagar was the summer capital and the Palace, where the present viceregal suite of Ananda in the Himalayas is situated, is the official residence Ananda in the Himalayas is a luxury destination spa in Narendra Nagar, Uttarakhand, set in the Indian Himalayas 8a2b28f375

Nag Tibba 9 mi) away from Landour Nag Tibba ("Serpent's Peak"), at an elevation of 3,022 metres (9,915 ft), is the highest peak in the Lesser Himalayan region of the Garhwal Division of Uttarakhand state in India and of the Bughys region. The Nag Tibba Range is one of the three principal ranges of the Lesser Himalayas, along with the Dhauladhar and the Pir Panjal, which branch off from the Great Himalayas. 9 mi) away from Landour cantonment, 57 kilometres (35 mi) from Mussoorie and 148 kilometres (92 mi) from New Tehri in the Tehri Garhwal district of Uttarakhand. It lends its name to the Nag Tibba Range, itself the next-northerly of the five folds of the Himalayas. It is situated 16 km (9. region. It is situated 16 km (9. It lends its name to the Nag Tibba Range, itself the next-northerly of the five folds of the Himalayas 8a2b28f375

Berinag Closest prominent villages include Garawon, Dhanoli, Bana, Bhattigaon, Bangali, Quarali, Tripuradevi and Sangarh. National Highway 309A passes through Berinag. It is one of the six Administrative Subdivisions (tehsil) of Pithoragarh district. The region is famous Berinag is a hill station and municipality, located 124 km from Pithoragarh city in the Pithoragarh district, which is the easternmost Himalayan district in the state of Uttarakhand, India. panoramic view of the Greater Himalayas, from Garhwal Himalayas to the Nepal ranges, especially lofty peaks like Panchachuli and Nanda Devi 8a2b28f375

Skiing in India The skiing season in India is from January to March. The Himalayas Skiing in India is centered in the northern states of India, where the Himalayas are situated. Some of the most popular skiing locations in India are Gulmarg in Jammu and Kashmir, Drass in Ladakh Union Territory and Solang in Himachal Pradesh and Auli in Uttarakhand. Skiing is administered by the Indian Mountaineering Foundation in India. However, skiing in India suffers from lack of infrastructure. Skiing is administered by the Indian Mountaineering Foundation in India. The Himalayas provide an excellent skiing experience owing to their great height which allows long descents. Heliskiing is also gaining popularity in places like Manali Gulmarg and Drass. The security concerns near the Line of Control have reduced since 2002, which has led to an increase in skiing activity in the region. centered in the northern states of India, where the Himalayas are situated 8a2b28f375

Madhyamaheshwar 1 ft), it is one of the Panch Kedar pilgrimage circuits, comprising five Shiva temples in the Garhwal region. The other temples in the circuit include: Kedarnath, Tungnath and Rudranath which are culturally visited before Madhyamaheshwar and, Kalpeshwar generally visited after Madhyamaheshwar. The temple is believed to have been built by the Pandavas, the central figures of the Hindu epic Mahabharata. Situated at an elevation of 3,497 m (11,473. district, situated amidst the Garhwal Himalayas of Uttarakhand, India. The middle (madhya) or belly part or navel (nabhi) of Shiva is worshipped here. It is accessible via a 16-18 kilometres treks, either from Aktolidhar or Ransi village near Ukhimath in the Rudraprayag district. 1 ft), it is one of the Panch Kedar Madhyamaheshwar (Sanskrit:) or Madmaheshwar is a Hindu temple dedicated to Shiva, located in Gaundar, a village in Rudraprayag district, situated amidst the Garhwal Himalayas of Uttarakhand, India. Situated at an elevation of 3,497 m (11,473 8a2b28f375

According to Francis Younghusband, there are actually two passes, the eastern or 'Old' Mustagh Pass (alt. about 5,422 m.) and the so-called 'New' Mustagh Pass, about 16 km (9.9 mi) to the west (altitude variously given as 5,700 and 5,800 m.) The pass is on the watershed between the rivers which flow towards the Tarim Basin and those flowing to the Indian Ocean. 8a2b28f375 It is located in a 100-acre (40 ha) estate surrounded by sal

forests, near the river Ganges, close to the towns of Rishikesh and Muni Ki Reti, it was established in 2000, and was India's first destination spa. Ananda focusses on Yoga and Ayurveda practices, combined with international spa therapies. The property includes the royal palace of Narendra Nagar, of the Maharaja of Tehri Garhwal, the restored Viceregal Palace was built in 1910–11 by the Maharaja for an expected visit of the Viceroy of India. Though the visit never materialized, the edifice remains, and went to accommodate the likes of Lord Mountbatten of Burma, a later Viceroy of India. 8a2b28f375 Berinag gets its name from the Berinag Temple (called as 'Bedinag' locally), which is a Nāg Devta Temple situated at the top of Berinag Hill. Berinag is among the many temples devoted to Nāgas namely Dhaulinag (Dhavalnag), Kalinag (Kaliyanag), Feninag (Faninag), Bashukinag (Vasukinag), Pinglenag and Harinag. Berinag offers a panoramic view of the Greater Himalayas, from Garhwal Himalayas to the Nepal ranges, especially lofty peaks like Panchachuli and Nanda Devi. The region is famous for tea estates developed during the British rule. The Berinag tea grown here was a highly sought-after tea in London tea. 8a2b28f375 The route across the Mustagh Pass is the shortest route from Yarkand to Skardu on the upper Indus River in Baltistan, from where caravans used to head on to Srinigar in Kashmir. The pass is situated about midway between the Karakoram Pass to the east, which leads to Leh in Ladakh, and the Kilik and Mintaka passes to the west which lead to Hunza and Gilgit. 8a2b28f375 The Himalayas span five countries: Nepal, India, China, Bhutan, and Pakistan. The sovereignty of the range in the Kashmir region is disputed among India, Pakistan, and China. The Himalayan range is bordered on the northwest by the Karakoram and Hindu Kush ranges, on the north by the Tibetan Plateau, and on the south by the Indo-Gangetic Plain. Some of the world's major rivers, the Indus, the Ganges, and the Tsangpo–Brahmaputra, rise in the vicinity of the Himalayas, and their combined drainage basin is home to some 600 million people; 53 million people live in the Himalayas. The Himalayas have profoundly shaped the cultures of South Asia and Tibet. Many Himalayan peaks are sacred in Hinduism and Buddhism. The summits of several are off-limits to climbers. These include Kangchenjunga (from the Indian side), Gangkhar Puensum, Machapuchare, and Nanda Devi; and Kailash... 8a2b28f375 And Om mountain is also visible from here. 8a2b28f375

Lulusar-Dudipatsar National Park The park was created in 2003. of the Western Himalayas. The name is derived from the local language where 'Sat' means seven and 'Sri Mala' refers to the chain of lakes that are connected Lulusar-Dodipat National Park is located in the Kaghan Valley in Mansehra District of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Pakistan. The scenic Dudipatsar Lake and Lulusar Lake and peaks are in the park 8a2b28f375

== Legend == 8a2b28f375 The flora includes the trees, shrubs, perennials, and herbs of the Himalayan Western Himalayan subalpine conifer forests and higher elevation Western Himalayan alpine shrub and meadows ecoregions. Some of the park's fauna includes the snow leopard, black bear, marmot, weasel, lynx, leopard, Himalayan snowcock, and the snow partridge. The park's lakes and wetlands habitats are of significant ecological importance for resident fauna and migratory waterfowl. 8a2b28f375 == Description == 8a2b28f375 == Etymology == 8a2b28f375 == List of skiing destinations == 8a2b28f375 == History == 8a2b28f375 == Geography == 8a2b28f375

St Andrews Ladies' Putting Club The club is still a ladies only golf club based in St Andrews, Fife, Scotland. It has both 9 and 18-hole courses, and is open to men, women and children (6 years of age and above) visitors alike for a nominal fee. is where the club's members and visitors play, and is thought to be the first minigolf course ever made. It is generally known to visitors as The Himalayas putting course, which is where the club's members and visitors play, and is thought to be the first minigolf course ever made. The club is the world's oldest ladies' golf club. The Himalayas name comes about from the peaks St Andrews Ladies' Putting Club, originally known as the St Andrews Ladies Golf Club when it was first established in 1867 for female golf players to use, now the club is also known as the Ladies' Putting Club of St Andrews, or simply the Putting Club. The Himalayas name comes about from the peaks and troughs on the course 8a2b28f375

In 2003 and 2007 it was considered one of the best spas in the world by The Telegraph and rated No. 1 destination spa in the world by Travel + Leisure magazine in 2008. 8a2b28f375 == Importance == 8a2b28f375

Yamunotri Temple Chota Char Dham Yamunotri Temple is a Hindu temple, situated in the western region of Garhwal Himalayas at an altitude of 3,291 metres (10,797 ft) in Uttarkashi 8a2b28f375

Himalayas The range has some of the highest peaks on Earth, including the highest, Mount Everest. Taktsang, where Padmasambhava is said to have founded Buddhism in Bhutan. More than 100 peaks exceeding elevations of 7,200 metres (23,600 feet) above sea level lie in the Himalayas. A number of Vajrayana Buddhist sites are situated in the Himalayas, in

Tibet The Himalayas, or Himalaya, is a mountain range in Asia separating the plains of the Indian subcontinent from the Tibetan Plateau 8a2b28f375

The mountain is believed to be the abode of Nag Devta or God of Snakes, from which it borrows the first part of its name; "Tibba" is a local word for hill or peak. Together, "Nag Tibba" means the place or abode of the Snake God. It has a temple on the top, from which one can see the entire Bandarpooch ranges of the Great Indian Himalayas towards the Yumnotri side. Local villagers come here to offer their prayers to Nag Devta for the protection of their cattle. This place is at an elevation of 3048 meters. 8a2b28f375

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