

Predominantly Meaning In English

== History == It is a postcolonial variety of English, long in use in the territory (Southern Cameroons, now split into Northwest and Southwest). Over the years, it has developed characteristic features, particularly in lexis but also in phonology and grammar. Those characteristics were once regarded as errors but are now increasingly accepted as distinctive Cameroonian contributions to the English language.

California English below). Uptalk, meaning a high-rising intonation in certain declarative sentences, is on the rise, for example in Southern Californian English. One 2014 study California English (or Californian English) is the collection of English dialects native to California, traditionally classified under General or Western American English

English is the medium of communication and instruction among students from preschool to university in Singapore. Many families use two or three languages on a regular basis, and English is often one...
== History... == History and overview

English nationalism often see themselves as predominantly English rather than British. English nationalists often see themselves as predominantly English rather than British. At political level, some English nationalists - such as the English Democrats - have advocated English nationalism is a nationalism that asserts that the English are a nation and promotes the cultural unity of English people. In a general sense, it comprises political and social movements and sentiment inspired by a love for English culture, language and history, and a sense of pride in England and the English people

== History ==

Cameroonian English It shares some similarities with English varieties in neighbouring West Africa, as Cameroon Cameroonian English (CamE), also known as Cameroon English, or sometimes Cameroon Anglophone English or Ambazonian English, is an English dialect

spoken predominantly in Cameroon. It is primarily spoken in the Northwest and Southwest regions of Cameroon. It shares some similarities with English varieties in neighbouring West Africa, as Cameroon lies at the west of Central Africa; however, its distinctive phonetics, phonology and lexicon, influenced both by French and by indigenous Cameroonian languages, distinguish it as an independent variety. English, is an English dialect spoken predominantly in Cameroon e78ad284b2

Singapore English varieties of the English language native to Singapore. In Singapore, English is spoken in two main forms: Singapore Standard English, which is grammatically Singapore English (SgE, SE, en-SG) is the set of varieties of the English language native to Singapore. Many Singaporeans use a combination of both forms in daily speech, and may switch between forms where necessary. In Singapore, English is spoken in two main forms: Singapore Standard English, which is grammatically similar to British English, and Singapore Colloquial English—better known as Singlish—the colloquial register of English spoken between Singaporeans e78ad284b2

As California became more diverse, English speakers from a wide variety of backgrounds began to pick up different linguistic elements from one another and also developed new ones; the result is both divergence and convergence within California English. Overall, linguists who studied English around World War II tended to find few, if any, patterns unique to the state. Studies in the 1950s and 1960s largely only commented on the increasingly common cot-caught merger within the state. e78ad284b2 The history of English nationalism is a contested area of scholarship. The historian Adrian Hastings has written that: "One can find historians to date 'the dawn of English national consciousness' (or some such phrase) in almost every century from the eighth to the nineteenth", though other historians have disputed this. e78ad284b2 == History and overview == e78ad284b2

Pakistani English While being spoken natively by only a small percentage of the population, it is the primary language used in education, commerce, administration, and the legal and judicial systems. English is the primary language used by the government of Pakistan, alongside Urdu, on the national level. English is Pakistani English (also known as Paklish or Penglish) is a group of English-language varieties spoken in Pakistan and among the Pakistani diaspora. Pakistani English (also known as Paklish or Penglish) is a group of English-language varieties spoken in Pakistan and among the Pakistani diaspora e78ad284b2

Singapore is a cosmopolitan society. In 2020, nearly half of Singaporeans of Chinese descent reported English as their main language at home, while only a third spoke Mandarin. The remaining spoke various varieties of Chinese such as Hokkien, Cantonese or Teochew. Most Singaporeans of Indian descent speak either English or a South Asian language. Many Malay Singaporeans use Malay as the lingua franca among the ethnic groups of the Malay world, while Eurasians and other mixed-race Singaporeans are usually monolingual in English. e78ad284b2

Hiberno-English predominantly continued to use the English of that time. Because of their sheer isolation, these dialects developed into later, now-extinct, English-related Hiberno-English or Irish English (IrE), also formerly sometimes called Anglo-Irish, is the set of dialects of the English language native to the island of Ireland. In both the Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland, English is the first language in everyday use and, alongside the Irish language, one of two official languages (with Ulster Scots, in Northern Ireland, being another local language or dialect) e78ad284b2

The writing standards of Irish English, such as its spelling, align with British English. However, the diverse accents and some of the grammatical structures and vocabulary of Irish English are unique, including certain notably conservative phonological features and vocabulary: those that are no longer common in the dialects of England or North America. It shows significant influences from the Irish language and also, in the north, the Scots language. e78ad284b2 In the 1980s, linguists first noted a distinctive chain shift of vowel sounds, the California Vowel Shift, used by young people in southern California and the San Francisco Bay Area of northern California. This helped to define an accent emerging primarily among youthful, white, urban, coastal speakers, and popularly associated with the valley girl and surfer youth subcultures. The possibility that this is, in fact, an age-specific variety of English is one hypothesis; however, certain features of this accent... e78ad284b2 Although British rule in the Indian subcontinent lasted for almost two hundred years, the areas which lie in what is now Pakistan were amongst the last to be annexed: Sindh in 1842, Punjab (which initially included the North-West Frontier Province) in 1849, and parts of Baluchistan, including Quetta and the outer regions in 1879, while the rest of the Baluchistan region became a princely state within the British Empire. As a result, British English had less... e78ad284b2 Phonologists today often divide Irish English into four or five overarching dialects or accents: Ulster or Northern Irish accents, Western and Southern Irish accents (like Cork accents),

various Dublin accents, and a non-regional standard accent (outside of Ulster) whose features have been developing since the late 1970s.
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Personal pronouns in English Modern English The English personal pronouns are a subset of English pronouns taking various forms according to number, person, case and grammatical gender. The English personal pronouns are a subset of English pronouns taking various forms according to number, person, case and grammatical gender. Modern English has very little inflection of nouns or adjectives, to the point where some authors describe it as an analytic language, but the Modern English system of personal pronouns has preserved some of the inflectional complexity of Old English and Middle English
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== Forms == e78ad284b2 According to linguist William Labov, "A thorough... e78ad284b2

Quebec English Francophone speakers of Quebec (including Montreal) also have their own second-language English that incorporates French accent features, vocabulary, etc. English-speaking Montrealers have, however, established ethnic groups that retain certain lexical features: Irish, Jewish, Italian, and Greek communities that all speak discernible varieties of English. Quebec English encompasses the English dialects (both native and non-native) of the predominantly French-speaking Canadian province Quebec English encompasses the English dialects (both native and non-native) of the predominantly French-speaking Canadian province of Quebec. The native English speakers in Quebec generally align to Standard Canadian English, one of the largest and most relatively homogeneous dialects in North America. This standard English accent is common in Montreal, where the vast majority of Quebec's native English speakers live. Finally, the Kahnawake Mohawks of south shore Montreal and the Cree and Inuit of Northern Quebec speak English with their own distinctive accents. Isolated fishing villages on the Basse-Côte-Nord of Quebec speak Newfoundland English, and many Gaspesian English-speakers use Maritime English. transcription delimiters. There are few distinctive phonological features and very few restricted lexical features common among English-speaking Quebecers e78ad284b2

New York Latino English In the 1970s scholarship, the variety was more narrowly called (New York) Puerto Rican English or Nuyorican English. Predominantly, pronunciation is variably rhotic (in other words, pronouncing the R sound only between American English as

primarily spoken by Hispanic and Latino Americans on the East Coast of the United States demonstrates considerable influence from New York City English and African-American Vernacular English, with certain additional features borrowed from the Spanish language. Though not currently confirmed to be a single stabilized dialect, this variety has received some attention in the academic literature, being recently labelled New York Latino English, referring to its city of twentieth-century origin, or, more inclusively, East Coast Latino English. sound of so, and tool may approach the sound of too

At political level, some English nationalists – such as the English Democrats – have advocated self-government for England. This could take the form of either a devolved English parliament within the United Kingdom or the re-establishment of an independent sovereign state of England outside the United Kingdom. The variety originated with Puerto Ricans and some Dominicans moving to New York City after World War I, though particularly in the subsequent generations born in the New York dialect region who were native speakers of both English and often Spanish. Today, it covers the English of many Latino Americans of diverse heritages (not simply Puerto Ricans) in the New York metropolitan area and beyond along the northeastern coast of the United States. Wasei-eigo words, compound words and portmanteaus are constructed by Japanese speakers on the basis of loanwords derived from English and embedded into the Japanese lexicon with refashioned, novel meanings diverging significantly from the originals. == History ==
 == Definition and examples == Unlike nouns which are not inflected for case except for possession (woman/woman's), English personal pronouns have a number of forms, which are named according to their typical grammatical role in a sentence: An example is handorukipā (ハンドルキーパー; "handle-keeper"), derived from "handle" with the meaning of "steering wheel", with the full phrase meaning designated driver. Some wasei-eigo terms are not recognizable as English words in English-speaking countries; one example is sukinshippu (スキンシップ; "skinship"), which refers to physical contact between close friends or loved ones and appears to be a portmanteau of skin and kinship. In other cases, a word may simply have gained a slightly different meaning; for instance, kanningu (カンニング) does not mean "cunning", but "cheating" (on an academic test...)

Wasei-eigo In linguistics, they are classified as pseudo-loanwords or pseudo-anglicisms. In linguistics, they are classified as pseudo-

loanwords Wasei-eigo (和製英語; lit. 'Japanese-made English') are Japanese-language expressions that are based on English words, or on parts of English phrases, but do not exist in standard English, or do not have the meanings that they have in standard English. not exist in standard English, or do not have the meanings that they have in standard English e78ad284b2

It was first recognised as a distinct variety of South Asian English and designated in the 1970s and 1980s. Pakistani English, similar and related to Indian English, is slightly different from British English, from which it is derived, in respect to vocabulary, accent, and other features. e78ad284b2

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