

Map Of Bahrain Country

The area that straddles the present-day territory of Bahrain was once the site of the ancient Dilmun civilisation. It has been famed since antiquity for its pearl fisheries, which were considered the best in the world into the 19th century. Bahrain was one of the earliest areas to be influenced by Islam, during the lifetime of Muhammad in 628. Following a period of Arab rule,... Following the return of Janan to Qatar in March 2001, the state of Bahrain consists of 33 natural islands in the Bahrain Islands archipelago. Bahrain, officially the Kingdom of Bahrain, is an island country in the eastern part of Arabian Peninsula in West Asia. Situated near the western shore of the Persian Gulf, the country comprises a small archipelago of 33 natural islands and an additional 50 artificial islands, centered on Bahrain Island, which makes up around 80 percent of the country's landmass. Bahrain is situated between Qatar and the northeastern coast of Saudi Arabia, to which it is connected by the King Fahd Causeway. The population is 1,588,670 as of 2024, of whom 739,736 (46.6% of the population) are Bahraini nationals, and 848,934 are expatriates (53.4% of the population). Bahrain spans some 760 square kilometres (290 sq mi) and is the third-smallest nation in Asia after Maldives and Singapore. The capital and largest city is Manama.

Geography of Bahrain Bahrain underwent considerable land reclamation since the 20th century, adding at least 80 square kilometres to the country's land area. Bahrain's capital city is Manama. The total area of the country is about 694 square kilometers (268 sq mi), about four times the size of the District of Columbia. The islands are about 24 kilometers (15 mi) off the east coast of Saudi Arabia and 28 kilometers (17 mi) from Qatar. Kingdom of Bahrain consists of Bahrain Island and 33 of the 37 Bahrain Islands, lying in the Persian Gulf's Gulf of Bahrain off the north shore of West Asia's The Kingdom of Bahrain consists of Bahrain Island and 33 of the 37 Bahrain Islands, lying in the Persian Gulf's Gulf of Bahrain off the north shore of West Asia's Arabian Peninsula

== Geography ==

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in Bahrain The Kuwait Ward, part of the Bahrain Stake, had 369 members. In 2025, there were 231 members in the Bahrain Ward, the only congregation in the country. The LDS Church does not release membership figures in Saudi Arabia or Yemen due to lack of recognition. The LDS The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in Bahrain refers to the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (LDS Church) and its members in Bahrain. there were 231 members in the Bahrain Ward, the only congregation in the country. The Kuwait Ward, part of the Bahrain Stake, had 369 members. Bahrain is headquarters of the Bahrain Stake which encompasses Bahrain, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, and Yemen

Bahrain–Qatar relations Bilateral relations between the State of Qatar and the Kingdom of Bahrain first began in 1971, when both countries gained independence from the United Kingdom Bilateral relations between the State of Qatar and the Kingdom of Bahrain first began in 1971, when both countries gained independence from the United Kingdom. The two are often considered "sister nations", sharing close cultural and historical ties e89ee9d90f

== General reference == e89ee9d90f Bahrain Island accounts for about 78% of the kingdom's land area, comprising 604 square kilometers (233 sq mi). It is 48 kilometers (30 mi) long from north to south and at its widest point stretches 16 kilometers (10 mi) from east to west. The island is surrounded by several of West Asia's large petroleum fields and commands a strategic position amid the Persian Gulf's shipping lanes. e89ee9d90f

History of Bahrain Its strategic location attracted a succession of influential powers, including the Persians, Sumerians, Assyrians, Babylonians, Portuguese, the Arabs, and the British, each leaving a distinct mark on its cultural and political landscape. Bahrain, an archipelago in the Persian Gulf, has been a pivotal center of trade, culture, and power for millennia, most notably as the heart of the ancient Bahrain, an archipelago in the Persian Gulf, has been a pivotal center of trade, culture, and power for millennia, most notably as the heart of the ancient Dilmun civilization, a hub of commerce and diplomacy in the Bronze Age. In 1932, Bahrain became the first location in the Persian Gulf outside Iran to discover oil, ushering in a transformative era of economic growth and global significance e89ee9d90f

Bahrain Island archipelago of Bahrain, and forms the bulk of the country's land mass while hosting the majority of its population. Most of the island of Bahrain is in a Bahrain Island (Arabic: جزيرة البحرين Jazīrah al-Baḥrayn), also known as Awal Island and formerly as Bahrein, is the largest island within the archipelago of Bahrain, and forms the bulk of the country's land mass while hosting the majority of its population e89ee9d90f

Bahrain 6% of the population) are Bahraini nationals, and 848,934 are expatriates (53. Bahrain, officially the Kingdom of Bahrain, is an island country in the eastern part of Arabian Peninsula in West Asia. Bahrain spans some 760 square kilometres (290 sq mi) and is the third-smallest nation in Asia after Maldives and Singapore. 4% of the population). Situated near the western shore of the Persian Gulf, the country comprises a small archipelago of 33 natural islands and an additional 50 artificial islands, centered on Bahrain Island, which makes up around 80 percent of the country's landmass. The capital and largest city is Manama. Situated near the western shore Bahrain, officially the Kingdom of Bahrain, is an island country in the eastern part of Arabian Peninsula in West Asia. Bahrain is situated between Qatar and the northeastern coast of Saudi Arabia, to which it is connected by the King Fahd Causeway. The population is 1,588,670 as of 2024, of whom 739,736 (46 e89ee9d90f

== History == e89ee9d90f

Economy of Bahrain Aluminum is the second most exported product, followed by finance and construction materials. Two examples of Bahrain's advocacy for this system in the late 20th century are heavily investing in the banking and tourism sectors. Bahrain's banking and financial services

sector, particularly Islamic banking, have benefited from the regional boom driven by demand for oil. The Kingdom of Bahrain advocates for a mixed economy system. The economy of the Kingdom of Bahrain has significantly diversified in recent years to be less dependent on oil and gas, although they remain an important part of the economy. Petroleum is Bahrain's most exported product, accounting for 60% of export receipts, 70% of government revenues, and 11% of GDP. As of 2024, the extraction of oil and natural gas is the third largest sector in the economy. In 2008, Bahrain was ranked highly in the Global Financial Centres Index (GFCI), which evaluates financial centres using survey responses and quantitative indicators

Most of the island of Bahrain is in a relatively shallow inlet of the Persian Gulf known as the Gulf of Bahrain. The seabed adjacent to Bahrain is rocky and, mainly off the northern part of the island, covered by extensive coral reefs. Most of the island is low-lying and barren desert. Outcroppings of limestone form low rolling hills, stubby cliffs, and shallow ravines. The limestone is covered by various densities of saline sand, capable of supporting only the hardiest desert vegetation such as chiefly thorn trees and scrubs. A 5 km (3.1 mi) wide fertile strip of land exists along the northern coast on which date, almond, fig, and pomegranate trees grow. The interior contains an escarpment that rises to 134 m (440 ft), the highest point on the island, to form the Mountain of Smoke, named as such due to the mists that often wreath the summit. Most of the country's oil wells are situated in the vicinity of the mountain... The widening of roads in the old districts of Manama and the development of a national network linking the capital to other settlements commenced as early as the arrival of the first car in 1914. Due to the continuous increase in the number of cars, a series of ring roads were constructed in Bahrain, notably Isa Al Kabeer Avenue in the 1930s, Exhibition Avenue in the 1960s and Al Fateh Highway in the 1980s. To the north, the foreshore used to be around Government Avenue in the 1920s but it shifted to a new road, King Faisal Road, in the early 1930s which became the coastal road. To the east, a bridge connected Manama to Muharraq since 1929, a new causeway was built in 1941 which replaced the old wooden bridge. Vehicle movement between the two islands peaked after the construction of the Bahrain... The country traditionally had one of the cheapest prices for gasoline, at the equivalent of US\$0.21 per litre (\$0.78 per gallon) in 2011. Due to massive budgetary deficits and low oil prices, the Bahraini government increased the price of gasoline in 2016–2017 to \$0.37 per litre. Despite their cultural and historical ties, the two have historically had fraught relations due to several territorial and diplomatic disputes. On 5 June 2017, Bahrain along with three other Arab nations officially cut diplomatic ties with Qatar, giving the country's diplomats 48 hours to leave, and signaling the start of the Qatar diplomatic crisis. On 13 April 2023, Bahrain and Qatar officially resumed their diplomatic relations, two years after the blockade on the latter was resolved.

Bahrain Air Prior to its voluntary liquidation in 2013, Bahrain Air flew to 17 destinations (flights to Alexandria were seasonal). In earlier statements the airline planned to increase its destinations to 23 cities by 2009 and up to 25 cities by 2010. Its main base was Bahrain International Airport. In 2012, the airline complained via local media about the measures undertaken by the Minister of Transportation, also the competing airline Gulf Air's head of restructuring committee when the airline's route schedule and frequencies were reduced by up to 30% without prior notice. Its main base was Bahrain

Bahrain Air (Arabic: طيران البحرين) was an airline of the Kingdom of Bahrain, headquartered in the Mohamed Centre in Muharraq. The airline flew to 16 destinations in the Middle East, Africa and South Asia. The airline had complained of conflict of interest. The airline, having sought every route possible to overcome the Minister's act of conflict of interest, declared bankruptcy on 12 February 2013. Bahrain Air (Arabic: طيران البحرين) was an airline of the Kingdom of Bahrain, headquartered in the Mohamed Centre in Muharraq e89ee9d90f

== Road transport == e89ee9d90f == Geographical setting and islands == e89ee9d90f == History == e89ee9d90f

Outline of Bahrain as an overview of and topical guide to Bahrain: Bahrain, officially the Kingdom of Bahrain, is an island country in the eastern part of Arabian Peninsula The following outline is provided as an overview of and topical guide to Bahrain: e89ee9d90f

Bahrain Air had started operations on 1 February 2008 as a low-cost airline but changed its operating model to full service by early 2010. The airline was headed in the UAE by its Country Manager, Rashid Al Moosa and by its UAE... e89ee9d90f Around most of Bahrain is a relatively... e89ee9d90f According to the 2020 edition of the Index of Economic Freedom, Bahrain has the fourth-freest economy in the Middle East and North Africa region and is the 40th-freest economy in the world. One alternative... e89ee9d90f

Transport in Bahrain The country traditionally had one of the cheapest prices Transport in Bahrain encompasses road transportation by car, air transportation and shipping. Transport in Bahrain encompasses road transportation by car, air transportation and shipping e89ee9d90f

== Dilmun Civilization == e89ee9d90f

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