

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

== Taxonomy == Galápagos tortoises are native to seven of the Galápagos Islands. Shell size and shape vary between subspecies and populations. On islands with humid highlands and abundant low vegetation, the tortoises are larger, with domed shells and short necks; on islands with dry lowlands and less ground-level vegetation, the tortoises are smaller, with "saddleback" shells and long necks. Charles Darwin's observations... T. graeca is recognized for its longevity, with verified lifespans exceeding 100 years and anecdotal reports suggesting ages over 125 years. Among reptiles, it has one of the largest known genomes. Their natural habitat ranges from savannah to forest edges around the Amazon Basin. They are omnivorous tortoises, consuming a wide assortment of plants, grasses, flowers, fruit and (notably) fungi, as well as the occasional earthworm or other invertebrate. When presented with the opportunity, many

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

tortoises will also scavenge on carrion. They do not brumate, due to their equatorial home range, but may aestivate in the hotter, drier months....

Galápagos tortoise The species comprises 15 subspecies (12 extant and 3 extinct). It is the largest living species of tortoise, and can weigh up to 417 kg (919 lb). Charles Darwin's observations of these differences on the second voyage The Galápagos tortoise (*Chelonoidis niger*), also called the Galápagos giant tortoise, is a very large species of tortoise in the genus *Chelonoidis* (which also contains three smaller species from mainland South America). They are also the largest extant terrestrial cold-blooded animals (ectotherms). ground-level vegetation, the tortoises are smaller, with "saddleback" shells and long necks

Geographic range The geographic distribution of the Greek tortoise (*Testudo graeca*) includes North Africa, Southern Europe, and Southwest Asia. It is commonly found along the Black Sea coast of the Caucasus, extending from Anapa, Russia, to Sukhumi, Abkhazia, Georgia. Additional populations are present in parts of Georgia,

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

Armenia, Iran, and Azerbaijan. 5fafda2f79

Yellow-footed tortoise It is found in the Amazon Basin of South America. yellow-footed tortoise (*Chelonoidis denticulatus*), also known as the Brazilian giant tortoise, is a species of tortoise in the family Testudinidae and is closely related to the red-footed tortoise (*C. carbonarius*). The species name has often been misspelled as *denticulata*, an error introduced in the 1980s when *Chelonoidis* was elevated to genus and mistakenly treated as feminine, an error recognized and fixed in 2017 5fafda2f79

With an average length of 40 cm (15.75 in) and the largest known specimen at 94 cm (37 in), this is the sixth-largest tortoise species on Earth, after the Galapagos tortoise, the Aldabra tortoise, the African spurred tortoise (*Geochelone sulcata*, typical size 76 cm (30 in)), the leopard tortoise (*Stigmochelys pardalis*), and the Asian forest tortoise (*Manouria emys*), typical size 60 cm (23.6 in)). 5fafda2f79 The specific name, *wernerii* (of the synonym *Testudo wernerii*), is in honor

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

of Israeli herpetologist Yehudah L. Werner.
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Turtle There are 360 living and recently extinct species of turtles, including land-dwelling tortoises and freshwater terrapins. They are found on most continents, some islands and, in the case of sea turtles, much of the ocean. They are found on most continents, some islands and, in the case of sea turtles, Turtles (order Testudines) are reptiles characterized by a special shell developed mainly from their ribs. Modern turtles are divided into two major groups, the Pleurodira (side necked turtles) and Cryptodira (hidden necked turtles), which differ in the way the head retracts. turtles, including land-dwelling tortoises and freshwater terrapins. Like other amniotes (reptiles, birds, and mammals) they breathe air and do not lay eggs underwater, although many species live in or around water
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Greek tortoise The Greek tortoise (*Testudo graeca*), also known commonly as the Moorish tortoise and the spur-thighed tortoise, is a species of tortoise in the family The Greek tortoise (*Testudo graeca*), also known commonly as the Moorish tortoise and

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

the spur-thighed tortoise, is a species of tortoise in the family Testudinidae. The species is a medium-sized herbivorous testudinid, widely distributed in the Mediterranean region

Angulate tortoise It is the only living. The angulate tortoise (*Chersina angulata*) is a species of tortoise found in dry areas and coastal scrub vegetation in South Africa

== Etymology == With lifespans in the wild of over 100 years, it is one of the longest-lived vertebrates. Captive Galapagos tortoises can live up to 177 years. For example, a captive individual, Harriet, lived for at least 175 years. Spanish explorers, who discovered the islands in the 16th century, named them after the Spanish *galápagos*, meaning "tortoise".

Kleinmann's tortoise (*Testudo kleinmanni*), also called commonly the Egyptian tortoise, Leith's tortoise, and the Negev tortoise, is a critically endangered Kleinmann's tortoise (*Testudo kleinmanni*), also called commonly the Egyptian tortoise, Leith's tortoise, and the Negev tortoise, is a

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

critically endangered species of cryptodire turtle in the family Testudinidae. The species is native to Libya and possibly extinct in Egypt. The species was once more widespread, but its numbers are now dwindling, and complete extinction in the wild is a looming threat unless more actions are taken to protect this species 5fafda2f79

Tortoise Tortoises are typically slow-moving, placid and gentle. tortoise species can live 80-150 years. Differences exist in usage of the common terms turtle Tortoises (TOR-təs-iz) are reptiles of the family Testudinidae of the order Testudines (Latin for "tortoise"). Like other testudines, tortoises have a shell to protect from predation and other threats. The shell in tortoises is generally hard, and like other members of the suborder Cryptodira, they retract their necks and heads directly backward into the shell to protect them 5fafda2f79

Red-footed tortoise They have dark-colored (nearly black), "loaf"-shaped carapaces (top shell) with a lighter patch in the middle of each scute (shell segment), and a somewhat lighter-colored plastron (underbelly). The red-footed tortoise (*Chelonoidis carbonarius*) is a species of tortoise from northern South

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

America. They also have dark limbs dotted with brightly-colored scales, from which they get their name, that range from pale yellow to vivid or dark red. These medium-sized tortoises generally average 30 cm (12 in) as adults, but can reach over 40 cm (16 in). They are closely related to the more easterly-distributed yellow-footed tortoise (*C. These medium-sized tortoises generally average The red-footed tortoise (Chelonoidis carbonarius) is a species of tortoise from northern South America. Visible differences are noted between red-footed tortoises from varying eco-regions. denticulatus) of the Amazon Basin*

Turtle shells are made mostly of bone; the upper part is the domed carapace, while the underside is the flatter plastron or belly-plate. Its outer surface is covered in scales made of keratin, the material of hair, horns, and claws. The carapace bones develop from ribs that grow sideways and develop into broad flat plates that join up to cover the body. Turtles are ectotherms or "cold-blooded", meaning that their internal temperature varies with their direct environment. They are generally opportunistic omnivores and mainly feed on plants and animals...

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

Desert tortoise The desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*) is a species of tortoise in the family Testudinidae. The species is native to the Mojave and Sonoran Deserts of

African helmeted turtle Tortoises, Terrapins and Turtles of Africa. Zootaxa 3795 (5): 501–522. Branch, Bill (2001). specimens and historical DNA (Testudines: Pelomedusidae)“;

The specific name, *kleinmanni*, is in honor of Edouard Kleinmann, a French stockbroker who collected the holotype in 1875.

Tortoises can vary in size with some species, such as the Galápagos giant tortoise, growing to more than 1.2 metres (3.9 ft) in length, whereas others like the speckled Cape tortoise have shells that measure only 6.8 centimetres (2.7 in) long. Several lineages of tortoises have independently evolved very large body sizes in excess of 100 kilograms (220 lb), including the Galapagos giant tortoise and the Aldabra giant tortoise. They are usually diurnal animals with tendencies to be crepuscular depending on the ambient temperatures. They are generally reclusive animals. Tortoises are the longest-living land animals in the world, although the longest-living

Turtle And Tortoise Difference

species of tortoise is a matter of debate.
Galápagos tortoises are noted to live over 150
years, but an Aldabra giant tortoise named
Adwaita may have lived an... 5fafda2f79

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