

Removal Of Fallopian Tubes

An egg cell is transported from an ovary to a fallopian tube where it may be fertilized in the ampulla of the tube. The fallopian tubes are lined with simple columnar epithelium with hairlike extensions called cilia, which together with peristaltic contractions from the muscular layer, move the fertilized egg...

Oophorectomy removal of the uterus (from the Greek ὤστέρα hystera "womb" and ἐκτομία ektomia "a cutting out of") without removal of the ovaries or fallopian tubes Oophorectomy or Oöphorectomy (; from Greek ὠοφόρος, ōophóros, 'egg-bearing' and ἐκτομή, ektomé, 'a cutting out of'), historically also called ovariectomy, is the surgical removal of an ovary or ovaries. In veterinary medicine, the removal of ovaries and uterus is called ovariectomy (spaying) and is a form of sterilization. g. the surgical removal of ovaries from laboratory animals. The surgery is also called ovariectomy, but this term is mostly used in reference to non-human animals, e. Removal of the ovaries of females is the biological equivalent of castration of males; the term castration is only occasionally used in the medical literature to refer to oophorectomy of women

== Indications == Appendectomy is the surgical removal of the appendix; it is also known as an appendicectomy.

Tubal ligation Tubal ligations require the consent of the female only, and like with other forms of sterilisation or birth control, only the consent of the patient (not partners, their spouse or families) is required. Bilateral tubal ligation is not considered a sterilization method by the MHRA. (commonly known as having one's "tubes tied") is a surgical procedure for female sterilization in which the fallopian tubes are permanently blocked, clipped Tubal ligation (commonly known as having one's "tubes tied") is a surgical procedure for female sterilization in which the fallopian tubes are permanently blocked, clipped or removed. Tubal ligation is considered a permanent method of sterilization and birth control by the FDA. The male equivalent of this operation is vasectomy. This prevents the fertilization of eggs by sperm and thus the implantation of a fertilized egg

Salpingectomy is sometimes preferred over its ovarian tube-sparing counterparts because it provides a greater reduction in individuals' risk of ectopic pregnancy. For contraceptive purposes, the procedure is more or less an irreversible form of sterilization and more effective than tubal ligation, which can be surgically reversed. The first reported successful human oophorectomy was carried out by Sir Sydney Jones at Sydney Infirmary, Australia, in 1870.

Prophylactic salpingectomy As a preventative surgery, however, it involves the removal of the fallopian tubes. Originally salpingectomy was used in cases of ectopic pregnancies. By not removing the ovaries this procedure is advantageous to individuals who are still of child bearing age. By not removing the ovaries Prophylactic salpingectomy is a preventative surgical technique performed on patients who are at higher risk of having ovarian cancer, such as individuals who may have pathogenic variants of the BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene. It also reduces risks such as cardiovascular disease and osteoporosis which are associated with the removal of the ovaries. As a preventative surgery, however, it involves the removal of the fallopian tubes. salpingectomy was used in cases of ectopic pregnancies

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In 2013 in America alone there were 22,000 cases of ovarian cancer diagnosed and reported. Of these 10% were due to an inherited disorder. It is also the fifth most common cancer related cause of death in women. The BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes are the most common inherited genetic mutations which lead to ovarian cancer. As such a preventative surgery such as prophylactic salpingectomy is thought to decrease this risk of getting cancer. Recent research has shown that ovarian cancer may not originate in the ovaries themselves but start in the fallopian tubes. It is therefore thought... a172c84896 Atherectomy is a removal of atherosclerosis. a172c84896 Salpingectomy differs from and predates both salpingostomy and salpingotomy. The latter two terms are often used interchangeably and refer to constructing an opening in the fallopian tube to, for example, remove an ectopic pregnancy, but the tube itself is not removed. Technically, the surgical construction of a tubal opening (Latin: os, 'mouth') is a salpingostomy, and incision into the tube to terminate an ectopic pregnancy is a salpingotomy. a172c84896 == Tubal anatomy == a172c84896

Fallopian tube In other vertebrates, they are only called oviducts. : salpinx), are paired tubular sex organs in the human female body that stretch The fallopian tubes, also known as uterine tubes, oviducts or salpinges (sing. The fallopian tubes are part of the female reproductive system. The fallopian tubes, also known as uterine tubes, oviducts or salpinges (sing. : salpinx), are paired tubular sex organs in the human female body that stretch from the ovaries to the uterus a172c84896

Adenoidectomy is the surgical removal of the adenoids, also known as the pharyngeal tonsils. a172c84896 They can be defined in slightly different ways: a172c84896

Tubal reversal In some cases, however, the separated segments cannot actually be reattached to each other. By rejoining the separated segments of the fallopian tube, tubal reversal can give women the chance to become pregnant again Tubal reversal, also called tubal sterilization reversal, tubal ligation reversal, or microsurgical tubal reanastomosis, is a surgical procedure that can restore fertility to women after a tubal ligation. In some cases the remaining segment of tube needs to be re-implanted into the uterus (a 'tubal reimplantation'). In other cases, when the end of the tube (the 'fimbria') has been removed, a procedure called a neofimbrioplasty must be performed to recreate a functional end of the tube which can then act like the missing fimbria and retrieve the egg that has been released during ovulation. By rejoining the separated segments of the fallopian tube, tubal reversal can give women the chance to become pregnant again. women after a tubal ligation a172c84896

Auriclectomy is the removal of the ear. a172c84896 == Classification == a172c84896

Chromopertubation In most cases, chromopertubation is performed to assess and determine the cause of someone's difficulties in getting pregnant. Chromopertubation is sometimes commonly referred to a "laparoscopy and dye" test. Occlusion or pathology of the fallopian tubes is the most common cause of suspected infertility. Occlusion or pathology of the fallopian tubes is the most common cause of suspected infertility. fallopian tube obstruction. Chromopertubation is sometimes Chromopertubation is a method for the study of fallopian tube patency (a state of being open or unobstructed) for suspected infertility in women caused by fallopian tube obstruction. It is currently one of the standard procedures in this field a172c84896

Female sterilization through tubal ligation is primarily used to permanently prevent a patient from having a spontaneous pregnancy (as opposed to pregnancy via in vitro fertilization) in the future. While both hysterectomy (the

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removal of the uterus) or bilateral oophorectomy (the removal of both ovaries) can also accomplish this goal, these surgeries carry generally greater health risks than tubal ligation procedures. a172c84896 == A == a172c84896 Adrenalectomy is the removal of one or both adrenal glands. a172c84896 == Medical uses == a172c84896 Apicoectomy is the surgical removal of tooth's root tip. a172c84896 Aneurysmectomy is the resection or removal of an aneurysm. a172c84896 == Terminology == a172c84896

List of -ectomies It means surgical removal of something, usually from inside the body. Salpingo-oophorectomy is the removal of the ovary and the fallopian tube together, when both left and right tubes and The surgical terminology suffix -ectomy was taken from Greek εκ-τομια = "act of cutting out". the removal of the fallopian tubes a172c84896

Arthrectomy is the removal of a joint of the body. a172c84896 Partial oophorectomy or ovariectomy is a term sometimes used to describe a variety of surgeries such as ovarian cyst removal, or resection of parts of the ovaries. This kind of surgery is fertility-preserving, although ovarian failure may be relatively frequent. Most of the long-term risks and consequences of oophorectomy are not or only partially present with partial oophorectomy... a172c84896

Salpingectomy Salpingectomy is the surgical removal of one or both fallopian tubes, typically in the context of ectopic pregnancy, cancer—typically ovarian cancer—treatment Salpingectomy is the surgical removal of one or both fallopian tubes, typically in the context of ectopic pregnancy, cancer—typically ovarian cancer—treatment and prevention, and as a form of contraception a172c84896

Chromopertubation is a medical procedure in which blue dye is injected into the fallopian tubes to detect if there are any blockages. It is performed as a laparoscopy, a minimally invasive procedure with small incisions. A laparoscope, a long, fine instrument is inserted into the abdomen close to the umbilicus in order to see one's internal organs, in particular the fallopian tubes. There is also a device called a uterine manipulator that is placed through the vagina and cervix into the uterus. As part of a laparoscopy, a blue dye solution (methylene blue or indigo carmine) is introduced into the uterine cavity. The dye solution... a172c84896 Adenectomy is the surgical removal of a gland. a172c84896 == Signs and symptoms == a172c84896 == Procedure == a172c84896 Less commonly, tubal ligation procedures may also... a172c84896

Hydrosalpinx The blocked tube may become substantially distended, giving the tube a characteristic sausage-like or retort-like shape. later healing result in loss of the fimbria and closure of the tube. These infections usually affect both fallopian tubes, and although a hydrosalpinx A hydrosalpinx (plural hydrosalpinges; from Greek ὕδωρ (hydōr) 'water' and σάλπιγξ (sálpinx) 'trumpet') is a condition that occurs when a fallopian tube is blocked and fills with serous or clear fluid near the ovary (distal to the uterus). The condition is often bilateral and the affected tubes may reach several centimeters in diameter. A fallopian tube filled with blood is a hematosalpinx, and with pus a pyosalpinx. The blocked tubes cause infertility a172c84896

Uterine appendages Stuttgart: The uterine appendages (or adnexa of uterus) are the structures most closely related structurally and functionally to the uterus. Ovary Adnexa (disambiguation) Abele, H (2014). salpingo-oophorectomy (removal of both: fallopian tubes and ovaries). Atlas of gynecologic surgery a172c84896

Each tube is a muscular hollow organ that is on average between 10 and 14 cm (3.9 and 5.5 in) in length, with an external diameter of 1 cm (0.39 in). It has four described parts: the intramural part, isthmus, ampulla, and infundibulum with associated fimbriae. Each tube has two openings: a proximal opening nearest to

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the uterus, and a distal opening nearest to the ovary. The fallopian tubes are held in place by the mesosalpinx, a part of the broad ligament mesentery that wraps around the tubes. Another part of the broad ligament, the mesovarium suspends the ovaries in place. a172c84896

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