

White Tiny Dots On Lips

Morum lindae salmon-pink with lavender border and white pustules; side of lip white, with numerous bands of tiny brown dots; edge of lip salmon-pink with 13 lavender-purple *Morum lindae* is a species of sea snail, a marine gastropod mollusk in the family Harpidae, the harp snails

== Description == 477f40b779 == Description == 477f40b779 The epithet 'muscifera' is a Latin word, meaning 'fly bearing'. This is an allusion to the appearance of the flower. 477f40b779

Snow White The Grimms completed their final revision of the story in 1854, which can be found in the 1857 version of Grimms' Fairy Tales. Then she says to herself, "How I wish that I had a daughter who had skin as white as snow, lips as red as blood" "Snow White" is a German fairy tale, first written down in the early 19th century. Occasionally, the title "Little Snow-White" was also used. The story was first published in English in 1823 under the title "Snow-Drop", which was also used in other early translations. freshly fallen snow on the black window sill. The modern spelling is Schneewittchen. The Brothers Grimm published it in 1812 in the first edition of their collection Grimms' Fairy Tales, numbered as Tale 53. The original title was Sneewittchen, which is a partial

translation from Low German 477f40b779

The flowers are arranged in a loose inflorescence, with two flowers per whorl and leaf-like bracts. The calyx is densely white and woolly. The corolla is white, with a mauve-purple upper lip and a speckled lower lip; the lower lip is notably longer and held horizontally.

477f40b779 thin glaze can be found on the base of the whorl. The arcuate columella is everted posteriorly, with a tiny notch where it joins the round basal lip at the end of the bordering lira of the umbilicus. The throat is smooth and iridescent. 477f40b779 It can be distinguished from the orange-spotted toadfish (which is not found in Australian waters) by its more... 477f40b779

Pseudoeurycea mystax The specific name refers to the whitish protuberances on the lips that resemble a mustache in the frontal view of the male holotype. The tail has some conspicuous, large white blotches. faint traces of pink especially on the snout, and with scattered black dots. Its common name is mustache false brook salamander or mustached false brook salamander. It is endemic to Mexico and only known from the area of its type locality in the Sierra Madre de Oaxaca near Ayutla, Oaxaca. Its natural habitat are *Pseudoeurycea mystax* is a species of salamander in the family Plethodontidae 477f40b779

and as far South as Costa Rica. 477f40b779 Original description: "Shell stocky, rotund, inflated, lightweight;

spire low, but early whorls exerted; shoulder angle sharp; 16 serrated, bladelike axial ribs on body whorl; axial ribs intersected by 7 large spiral cords, with large, pointed serration at each intersection, giving shell squamose appearance; serrations along shoulder cord largest, producing coronated effect; outer lip thickened; inner edge of lip with 16 large denticles and smaller secondary denticles in between; parietal shield well-developed, wide, covered with numerous small pustules; shell base color pinkish-white with scattered patches of bright pink; pinkish-white base color overlaid with 2 wide, reddish-brown spiral bands; spire with intermittent large reddish-brown patches; parietal shield salmon-pink with lavender border and white pustules; side of lip white, with numerous bands of tiny brown dots; edge of lip salmon-pink with 13 lavender-purple radiating bars; denticles of lip salmon-pink; interior of aperture white; protoconch and early whorls white." 477f40b779 Reaching 22 cm (8.7 in) in length, T. pleurogramma has an elongated body with a rounded back and flattened belly. It has a small mouth, with thin lips at its apex, and a tiny chin. It has dense, sturdy spines from its nose to halfway between its pectoral and dorsal fins. It has greyish or greenish upperparts dotted with lighter and darker dots and dark bands. Its chin is yellowish, and belly is white. A dark-brown stripe runs from the base of the pectoral fin to the tail fin along the fish's sides. Several dark lines run vertically down its cheeks that give the fish a "weeping" appearance. Its corneas turn yellow in bright light. 477f40b779 Like all species within the genus Conus,

these snails are predatory and venomous. They are capable of stinging humans, therefore live ones should be handled carefully or not at all. 477f40b779 The... 477f40b779 The fish was named for Katherine P. Maslenikov, Collections Manager of the Burke Museum's Fish Collection at the University of Washington who collected two of the four individuals on which the species description is based. 477f40b779 A number of other *Dicerandra* have been separated from *D. frutescens* and elevated to species status, including *Dicerandra cornutissima* in 1981, *Dicerandra christmanii* in 1989, and *Dicerandra modesta*... 477f40b779

Careproctus maslenikovae The species was first described to science by J. The lips are unpigmented and the anterior pores of the head are surrounded by unpigmented areas which show as white dots around the mouth *Careproctus maslenikovae*, or blushing snailfish, is a small, marine, bottom-dwelling snailfish. The type specimen was collected in a bottom trawl 234 meters deep west of the Islands of Four Mountains in the Aleutian Islands. for predators. W. Orr in 2021 477f40b779

The shell grows to a height of 3 millimetres (0.12 in), its diameter 6 millimetres (0.24 in). 477f40b779 == Description == 477f40b779 The type series consists of two specimens, the male holotype measuring 47.5 mm (1.87 in) and the female allotype 42 mm (1.7 in) in snout-vent length. The tail is shorter than the body, with total lengths of about 85 and 69 mm (3.3 and 2.7 in) for

the two specimens, respectively. The limbs are moderately short and stout. The dorsum is gray in its ground color with faint traces of pink especially on the snout, and with scattered black dots. The tail has some conspicuous, large white blotches. 477f40b779 The solid shell has a depressed conoid shape. The four whorls are smooth, flatly convex, slightly hollowed just below the suture. The apex is blunt. The suture is impressed. The periphery is round and barely angulate. The base of the shell is convex. The umbilicus is moderate. The oblique aperture is roundly elliptical. The outer lip is simple and bevelled inside. A short 477f40b779 This epiphytic orchid lacks pseudobulbs. The single, erect, thick, leathery leaf is elliptic-ovate in shape. The aerial roots seem like fine hairs. 477f40b779

Fossarina reedi double white spots beyond. The umbilicus is white. The rest of the base, which is of a lighter tint than the dorsum, has scattered tiny white dots. Over *Fossarina reedi*, common name Reed top shell, is a species of very small sea snail, a marine gastropod mollusc or micromollusk in the family Trochidae, the top snails 477f40b779

This species is a perennial herb with creeping to weakly climbing stems that branch freely and can reach up to 1 m (3.3 ft) in length. The stems are densely covered with soft white hairs. 477f40b779 The fairy tale features elements such as the magic mirror, the poisoned apple, the glass coffin, and the characters of the Evil Queen and

the seven Dwarfs. The seven dwarfs were first given individual names in the 1912 Broadway play *Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs* and then given different names in Walt Disney's 1937 film *Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs*. The Grimm story, which is commonly referred to as "Snow White", should not be confused with the story of "Snow-White and Rose-Red" (in German "Schneeweißchen und Rosenrot"), another fairy tale collected... 477f40b779 These are quite colorful: overall almost translucent white, overlaid with contrasting reddish-purple dots in an ovate line pattern. The long, lateral petals also end in a thickened, yellow club-shaped tip. 477f40b779 *Locus typicus*: Utila Island, Bay Islands, Honduras, Western Caribbean Sea. 477f40b779 Charles Tate Regan described the species in 1903. Early records in Australian waters of the orange-spotted toadfish (*T. hypselogeneion*) refer to the weeping toadfish. Other common names for *T. pleurogramma* include banded toadfish and common blowfish. 477f40b779 == Description == 477f40b779 This species occurs in the Caribbean Sea off Belize and Honduras 477f40b779 The flowers develop one at a time at the base of the leaf and reach a length of about 2.3 cm. They are borne on a slender peduncle, originating from the base of the back of the leaf. 477f40b779

Torquigener pleurogramma It is found in the coastal waters of Australia. It has dense, sturdy spines from its nose to halfway between *Torquigener pleurogramma*, commonly known as the weeping toadfish or blowie, is a species of fish in the family Tetraodontidae. It has a small

mouth, with thin lips at its apex, and a tiny chin. rounded back and flattened belly. Its flesh is highly toxic
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The long dorsal sepal is erect, almost translucent white with dark red dots and ends in a somewhat thicker, yellow club-shaped tip, with minute magenta dots. They have fused lateral sepals (synsepals) with a length of about 2.5 cm and a small split at the end. 477f40b779

Dicerandra frutescens The corolla is white to light pink and dotted with darker pink on the lips. It was federally listed as an endangered species of the United States in 1985. It is endemic to Highlands County, Florida, where it is known only from the Lake Wales Ridge. lobed, lipped mouth. The protruding stamens are tipped with tiny horned anthers *Dicerandra frutescens* is a rare species of flowering plant in the mint family known by the common names scrub mint and scrub balm. Its habitat is quickly being lost as it is converted to residential and agricultural use 477f40b779

Restrepia muscifera The long dorsal sepal is erect, almost translucent white with dark red dots *Restrepia muscifera*, commonly known as the fly-carrying restrepia, is a species of orchid. on a slender peduncle, originating from the base of the back of the leaf 477f40b779

Stachys arachnoidea The leaves have a rounded to blunt *Stachys arachnoidea*, the cobwebbed woundwort, is a species of hedgenettle found in South Africa and Eswatini.

hairy, while the underside is covered with a dense, white, web-like layer of hairs and dotted with tiny yellowish glands 477f40b779

== Distribution == 477f40b779 Sculpture: the dorsum looks as though it were spirally lirate, but is really quite smooth except for very fine microscopic curved retrocurrent accremental scratchings. On the base are about a dozen fine spiral incisions, with radial scratch-marks more valid and distant than on the dorsum. These are still stouter... 477f40b779

Conus harlandi of tiny, white flammules and dots; one wide white band around shoulder, one around anterior tip, each, in turn, containing tiny reddish-brown dots and *Conus harlandi* is a species of sea snail, a marine gastropod mollusk in the family Conidae, the cone snails and their allies 477f40b779

It is a tiny cespitose orchid, occurring from southern Mexico to Colombia, and a few scattered spots in Peru, found in tropical and montane rainforests at altitudes between 300 and 2,400 m. 477f40b779 Four individuals were collected from deep water in the western Aleutians from 2002 to 2006. Their length varied from 29.4 mm to 40.3 mm. The head is rounded and tapers to a slender tail, but with a thicker and more robust body than the closely related *Careproctus spiraki*. The skin is thin and covered with small bumps topped with tiny prickles. They had between 38 and 40 dorsal-fin rays and 10 or 11

caudal-fin rays. They had 6 to 9 gill rakers. The mouth of this species is a little more than 1 cm wide and is lined with small teeth. 477f40b779 The leaves are almost stalkless or borne on short stalks. They are thin, broadly ovate to nearly round, 18–40 mm (0.71–1.57 in) long, and distinctly discolorous: the upper surface is greenish to brown and lightly to fairly densely hairy, while the underside is covered with a dense, white, web-like layer of hairs and dotted with tiny yellowish glands. The leaves have a rounded to blunt tip, a heart-shaped base, and shallowly scalloped margins. 477f40b779 This shrub grows about half a meter tall from a deep taproot. It is glandular and strongly aromatic with a mint scent. The oblong leaves are roughly 2 centimeters long, smooth-edged, oppositely arranged, and dotted with visible oil glands. The inflorescence is a pair of flowers each roughly 1.5 centimeters long. The flower has a tubular throat and a lobed, lipped mouth. The corolla is white to light pink and dotted with darker pink on the lips. The protruding stamens are tipped with tiny horned anthers. Blooming occurs in August through October. The flowers are pollinated by the bee-fly *Exprosopa fasciata*. 477f40b779 These fish are red-orange-colored. Since seawater absorbs longer wavelengths of light, this color makes them harder to see... 477f40b779

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