

Gall Bladder Attack

Symptoms

Diagnosis is based on symptoms in the absence of worrisome features, and once other potential conditions have been ruled out. Worrisome or "alarm...

eee7208657 Cholangitis can be life-threatening, and is regarded as a medical emergency. Characteristic symptoms include yellow discoloration of the skin or whites of the eyes, fever, abdominal pain, and in severe cases, low blood pressure and confusion. Initial treatment is with intravenous fluids and antibiotics, but there is often an underlying problem (such as gallstones or narrowing in the bile duct) for which further tests and treatments may be necessary, usually in the form of endoscopy to relieve obstruction of the bile duct. The word is from Greek chol-, bile + ang-, vessel + -itis, inflammation. eee7208657

Carcinogenic parasite *O. haematobium* is prevalent in Africa and the Middle East, and is the leading cause of bladder cancer (only next to tobacco smoking). and, rarely, the gall bladder and pancreatic duct.

Pathological Carcinogenic parasites are parasitic organisms that depend on other organisms (called hosts) for their survival, and cause cancer in such

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hosts. Heavy infection can produce problems such as fibrosis in the liver, gall bladder and bile ducts. *S. sinensis* are both found in eastern and southeastern Asia, and are responsible for cholangiocarcinoma (cancer of the bile ducts). *viverrini* and *C. The* International Agency for Research on Cancer declared them in 2009 as a Group 1 biological carcinogens in humans. Three species of flukes (trematodes) are medically-proven carcinogenic parasites, namely the urinary blood fluke (*Schistosoma haematobium*), the Southeast Asian liver fluke (*Opisthorchis viverrini*) and the Chinese liver fluke (*Clonorchis sinensis*)
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Using substituted amphetamines (stimulants that can reduce appetite) to reduce appetite. eee7208657 Most people with gallstones (about 80%) are asymptomatic. However, when a gallstone obstructs the bile duct and causes acute cholestasis, a reflexive smooth muscle spasm often occurs, resulting in an intense cramp-like visceral pain in the right upper part of the abdomen known as a biliary colic (or "gallbladder attack"). This happens in 1–4% of those with gallstones each year. Complications from gallstones may include inflammation of the gallbladder (cholecystitis), inflammation of the pancreas (pancreatitis), obstructive jaundice, and infection in bile ducts (cholangitis). Symptoms of these complications may include pain that lasts longer than five hours, fever, yellowish skin, vomiting, dark urine, and pale stools. eee7208657 Risk

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factors for gallstones include birth control pills, pregnancy, a family history of gallstones, obesity, diabetes, liver disease, or rapid weight loss. The bile components that form gallstones... eee7208657

Gallstone formation occurs from the precipitation of crystals that aggregate to form stones. The most common form is cholesterol gallstones. Other forms include calcium, bilirubin, pigment, and mixed gallstones. Other conditions that produce similar symptoms include appendicitis, stomach ulcers, pancreatitis, and gastroesophageal reflux disease. eee7208657

Biliary colic similar symptoms include appendicitis, stomach ulcers, pancreatitis, and gastroesophageal reflux disease. Typically, the pain is in the right upper part of the abdomen, and can be severe. Pain usually lasts from 15 minutes to a few hours. Treatment for gallbladder attacks is typically Biliary colic, also known as symptomatic cholelithiasis, a gallbladder attack or gallstone attack, is when a colic (sudden pain) occurs due to a gallstone temporarily blocking the cystic duct. Often, it occurs after eating a heavy meal, or during the night. Repeated attacks are common. Cholecystokinin - a gastrointestinal hormone - plays a role in the colic, as following the consumption of fatty meals, the hormone triggers the gallbladder to contract, which may expel stones into the duct and temporarily block it until being successfully passed eee7208657

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Anorexia Nervosa is a psychological disorder characterized by extremely reduced intake of food. People with anorexia nervosa tend to have a low self-image and an inaccurate perception of their body. Forcing own self to urinate and excrete waste product from the body. More than 90% of the time acute cholecystitis is caused from blockage of the cystic duct by a gallstone. Risk factors for gallstones include birth control pills, pregnancy, a family history of gallstones, obesity, diabetes, liver disease, or rapid weight loss. Occasionally, acute cholecystitis occurs as a result of vasculitis or chemotherapy, or during recovery from major trauma or burns. Cholecystitis is suspected based on symptoms and laboratory testing. Abdominal ultrasound is then typically used to confirm the diagnosis. The cause of IBS is not known, but multiple factors have been proposed to lead to the condition. Theories include combinations of "gut-brain axis" problems, alterations in gut motility, visceral hypersensitivity, infections including small intestinal bacterial overgrowth, neurotransmitters, genetic factors, and food sensitivity. Onset may be triggered by a stressful life event, or an intestinal infection. In the latter case, it is called post-infectious irritable bowel syndrome.

Gallstone gallbladder attack. There is 4 mm gall bladder wall A gallstone is a stone formed within the gallbladder from precipitated bile components. The

term cholelithiasis may refer to the presence of gallstones or to any disease caused by gallstones, and choledocholithiasis refers to the presence of migrated gallstones within bile ducts. 9 cm gallstone impacted in the neck of the gallbladder and leading to cholecystitis as seen on ultrasound. A 1 eee7208657

Other parasites are also linked to various cancers. Among protozoan parasites, *Toxoplasma gondii*, *Cryptosporidium parvum*, *Trichomonas vaginalis* and *Theileria* are associated with specific cancer cells. *Plasmodium falciparum* can also be an indirect cause of cancer. Tapeworms such as *Echinococcus granulosus* and *Taenia solium* may directly or indirectly cause cancer. Liver flukes such as *Opisthorchis viverrini*... eee7208657

Cholecystectomy In 2011, cholecystectomy was the eighth most common operating room procedure performed in hospitals in the United States. usually successful in relieving symptoms, but up to 10 percent of people may continue to experience similar symptoms after cholecystectomy, a condition Cholecystectomy is the surgical removal of the gallbladder. Cholecystectomy can be performed either laparoscopically or through a laparotomy. It is a common treatment of symptomatic gallstones and other gallbladder conditions eee7208657

Ascending cholangitis It tends to occur if the bile duct

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is already partially obstructed by gallstones. excreted into the common hepatic duct. Part of the bile is stored in the gall bladder because of back pressure (exerted by the sphincter of Oddi), and may Ascending cholangitis, also known as acute cholangitis or simply cholangitis, is inflammation of the bile duct, usually caused by bacteria ascending from its junction with the duodenum (first part of the small intestine) eee7208657

== Medical use == eee7208657

Gallbladder In humans, the pear-shaped gallbladder lies beneath the liver, although the structure and position of the gallbladder can vary significantly among animal species. gallstones do not cause symptoms, with stones either remaining in the gallbladder or passed along the biliary system. It receives bile, produced by the liver, via the common hepatic duct, and stores it. When symptoms occur, severe "colicky" In vertebrates, the gallbladder, also known as the cholecyst, is a small hollow organ where bile is stored and concentrated before it is released into the small intestine. The bile is then released via the common bile duct into the duodenum, where the bile helps in the digestion of fats eee7208657

== Structure == eee7208657 Common behaviors and signs of someone with AN: eee7208657 Forcing oneself to vigorously exercise even in adverse conditions or when their health does not permit it. eee7208657

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Irritable bowel syndrome Disorders such as anxiety, major depression, and myalgic encephalomyelitis/chronic fatigue syndrome are common among people with IBS, sometimes developing due to the condition. These symptoms may occur over a long time, sometimes for years. These symptoms may occur Irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) is a functional gastrointestinal disorder characterized by a group of symptoms that commonly include abdominal pain, abdominal bloating, and changes in the consistency of bowel movements. IBS can negatively affect quality of life and may result in missed school or work or reduced productivity at work. group of symptoms that commonly include abdominal pain, abdominal bloating, and changes in the consistency of bowel movements
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Cholecystitis Symptoms include right upper abdominal pain, pain in the right shoulder, nausea, vomiting, and occasionally fever. Symptoms include right upper abdominal pain, pain in the right shoulder, nausea, vomiting, and occasionally fever. Often gallbladder attacks (biliary Cholecystitis () is inflammation of the gallbladder. The pain lasts longer in cholecystitis than in a typical gallbladder attack. Without appropriate treatment, recurrent episodes of cholecystitis are common. gallbladder. Complications of acute cholecystitis include gallstone pancreatitis, common bile duct stones, or inflammation of the common bile duct. Often gallbladder attacks (biliary colic) precede

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acute cholecystitis eee7208657

Treatment for gallbladder attacks is typically surgery to remove the gallbladder. This can be either done through small incisions or through a single larger incision. Open... eee7208657 The human gallbladder is a hollow grey-blue organ that sits in a shallow depression below the right lobe of the liver. In adults, the gallbladder measures... eee7208657 == Signs and symptoms == eee7208657 Skin turning yellow eee7208657

Parasites and pathogens of wolves Parasitic infection in wolves is of particular concern to people. Wolves can spread them to dogs, which in turn can carry the parasites to humans. which enters wolves through eating fish, infects the wolf's liver or gall bladder, causing liver disease, inflammation of the pancreas, and emaciation Wolves may suffer from various pathogens, both viral and bacterial, and parasite, both external and internal. In areas where wolves inhabit pastoral areas, the parasites can be spread to livestock eee7208657

Treatment is usually with laparoscopic gallbladder removal, within 24 hours if possible. Taking pictures of the bile ducts during the surgery... eee7208657 The surgery is usually successful in relieving symptoms, but up to 10 percent of people may continue to experience similar symptoms after cholecystectomy, a condition

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called postcholecystectomy syndrome. Complications of cholecystectomy include bile duct injury, wound infection, bleeding, vasculobiliary injury, retained gallstones, liver abscess formation and stenosis (narrowing) of the bile duct. eee7208657

Differential diagnoses of anorexia nervosa Laura Daly, a woman from Missouri, had an inherited disorder in which the gall bladder The differential diagnoses of anorexia nervosa (AN) includes various types of medical and psychological conditions, which may be misdiagnosed as AN. In some cases, these conditions may be comorbid with AN because the misdiagnosis of AN is not uncommon. For example, a case of achalasia was misdiagnosed as AN and the patient spent two months confined to a psychiatric hospital. the symptoms of gall bladder disease may mimic anorexia nervosa (AN). A reason for the differential diagnoses that surround AN arise mainly because, like other disorders, it is primarily, albeit defensively and adaptive for, the individual concerned eee7208657

== Diseases == eee7208657 The gallbladder can be affected by gallstones, formed by material that cannot be dissolved - usually cholesterol or bilirubin, a product of hemoglobin breakdown. These may cause significant pain, particularly in the upper-right corner of the abdomen, and are often treated with removal of the gallbladder (called a cholecystectomy). Inflammation of the gallbladder (called cholecystitis) has a wide range

of causes, including the result of gallstone impaction, infection, and autoimmune disease. eee7208657

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