

Chapter 4 Common Reproductive Issues

Reproductive rights The World Health Organization defines reproductive rights: „Reproductive rights are legal rights and freedoms relating to reproduction and reproductive health that vary amongst countries around the world. The World Reproductive rights are legal rights and freedoms relating to reproduction and reproductive health that vary amongst countries around the world 35b608353d

Gynaecology the area of medicine concerned with conditions affecting the female reproductive system. It is sometimes combined with the field of obstetrics, which Gynaecology (or gynecology in American English) is the area of medicine concerned with conditions affecting the female reproductive system. It is sometimes combined with the field of obstetrics, which focuses on pregnancy and childbirth, thereby forming the combined area of obstetrics and gynaecology (OB-GYN) 35b608353d

Life history theory way that their life histories—including their reproductive development and behaviors, post-reproductive behaviors, and lifespan (length of time alive)—have Life history theory (LHT) is an analytical framework designed to study the diversity of life history strategies used by different organisms throughout the world, as well as the causes and results of the variation in their life cycles. A life history strategy is the "age- and stage-specific patterns" and timing of events that make up an organism's life, such as birth, weaning, maturation, death, etc. These events, notably juvenile development, age of sexual maturity, first reproduction, number of offspring and level of parental investment, senescence and death, depend on the physical and ecological environment of the organism. It is a theory of biological evolution that seeks to explain aspects of organisms' anatomy and behavior by reference to the way that their life histories—including their reproductive development and behaviors, post-reproductive behaviors, and lifespan (length of time alive)—have been shaped by natural selection 35b608353d

== External anatomy == 35b608353d Gynaecological care is discussed in the Kahun Gynaecological Papyrus and the Hippocratic Corpus, showing the ancient origins of the subject. J. Marion Sims contributed to the advancement of the specialism developing instruments such as the Sims speculum, Pantaleoni completed the first hysteroscopy in 1869 and Papanikolaou first wrote about the pap smear in 1928. 35b608353d

Health effects of pesticides 4 (1) 30. 1186/1477-7827-4-30. ". PMC 1524969. Toxicity of pesticides depend on the type of chemical, route of exposure, dosage, and timing of exposure. Reproductive Biology and Endocrinology. function of the female reproductive system disrupted. Strong evidence exists for other, long-term negative health outcomes from pesticide exposure including birth defects, fetal death, neurodevelopmental disorders, cancer, and neurologic illness including Parkinson's disease. Acute effects can include pesticide poisoning, which may be a medical emergency. PMID 16737536 Health effects of pesticides may be acute or delayed in those who are exposed. doi:10 35b608353d

Chin groove: the part of the horse's head behind the lower lip and chin, the area that dips down slightly on the lower jaw; area where the curb chain of certain bits is fastened 35b608353d

Equine anatomy Manual of Equine Reproduction (second ed. While all anatomical features of equids are described in the same terms as for other animals by the International Committee on Veterinary Gross Anatomical Nomenclature in the book *Nomina Anatomica Veterinaria*, there are many horse-specific colloquial terms used by equestrians. Budras, Klaus-Dieter; Equine anatomy encompasses the gross and microscopic anatomy of horses, ponies and other equids, including donkeys, mules and zebras. "Reproductive Anatomy of the Mare". pp. 4–5.). Mosby. ISBN 0-323-01713-4. Sherri L (2003). Elsevier 35b608353d

While the rates of the leading causes of death, cardiovascular disease, cancer and lung disease, are similar in women and men, women have different experiences. Lung cancer has overtaken all other types of cancer as the leading cause of cancer related death in women, followed by breast cancer, colorectal, ovarian, uterine and cervical cancers. While smoking is the major cause of lung cancer, amongst nonsmoking women the risk of developing cancer is three times greater than among nonsmoking men. Despite this, breast cancer remains the most common cancer in women in developed countries, and is one of the major chronic diseases... 35b608353d Chestnut: a callosity on the inside of each leg 35b608353d Book I (715a – 731b) 35b608353d

Women's health These differences are further exacerbated in developing countries where women, whose health includes both their risks and experiences, are further disadvantaged. Women also experience a number of issues related Women's health is an example of population health, where health is defined by the World Health Organization (WHO) as "a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity". Often treated as simply women's reproductive health, many groups argue for a broader definition pertaining to the overall health of women, better expressed as "The health of women". Other reproductive and sexual health issues include sex education, puberty, sexuality and sexual function 35b608353d

Chapter 1 begins with Aristotle claiming to have already addressed the parts of animals, referencing the author's work of the same name. While this and possibly his other biological works, have addressed three of the four causes pertaining to animals, the final, formal, and material, the efficient cause has yet to be... 35b608353d == Nicaraguan Constitution mentions of human rights == 35b608353d Generation of Animals consists of five books, which are themselves split into varying numbers of chapters. Most editions of this work categorise it with Bekker numbers. In general, each

book covers a range of related topics, however there is also a significant amount of overlap in the content of the books. For example, while one of the two principal topics covered in book I is the function of semen (gone, sperma), this account is not finalised until partway through book II. 35b608353d Multiple theoretical foundations from evolutionary biology and evolutionary anthropology are important to human reproductive ecology. Notably, reproductive ecology relies heavily on life history theory, energetics, fitness theories, kin selection, and theories based on the study of animal evolution. 35b608353d People can be exposed to pesticides, which include insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, by a number of different routes including: occupation, in the home, at school, in the air, water, soil, and in food. Almost all humans are exposed to some level of pesticides. For example, pesticide drift, may be a potentially significant source of exposure to the general public. Exposure can occur via ingestion, inhalation, or contact with skin. Some pesticides can remain in the environment for prolonged... 35b608353d End of 16th century – In England Sir Edward Coke formulated the "born alive rule" in common law, which holds that various criminal laws, such as homicide and assault, apply only to a child that is "born alive". 35b608353d Transgender, intersex and nonbinary individuals can require gynaecological care. Health disparities exist within gynaecology, which can impact women... 35b608353d Gynaecology encompasses preventative care, sexual health and diagnosing and treating health issues arising from the female reproduction system, such as the uterus, vagina, cervix, fallopian tubes, ovaries, and breasts; subspecialties include family planning; minimally invasive surgery; paediatric and adolescent gynaecology; and pelvic medicine and reconstructive surgery. 35b608353d Reproductive rights may include some or all of: right to abortion; birth control; freedom from coerced sterilization and contraception; the right to reproduce and start a family, the right to access good-quality reproductive healthcare; the right to give birth where and with whom someone chooses; and the right to family planning in order to make free and informed reproductive choices. Reproductive rights may also include the right to receive education about sexually transmitted infections and other aspects of sexuality, right to menstrual health and protection from... 35b608353d Back: the area where the saddle sits, beginning at the end of the withers, extending to the last thoracic vertebrae (colloquially includes the loin or "coupling", though technically incorrect usage) 35b608353d In 2019, anti-government protests spread across the country in response to the Sandinista National Liberation Front (In Spanish Frente Sandinista de Liberación Nacional FSLN) government's reforms of the country's social security system. This sparked a response from parapolicial groups, the National Police, and monitoring and control groups. Reports state that 328 protesters were killed in the backlash (as of 20 Sep 2019). This brought international attention to enactment of human rights within the country with organisations such as the United Nations and Organization of American States determining the events to be violations of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. 35b608353d Reproductive rights rest on the recognition of the basic right of all couples and individuals to decide freely and responsibly the number, spacing and timing of their children and to have the information and means to do so, and the right to attain the highest standard of sexual and reproductive health. They also include the right of all to make decisions concerning reproduction free of discrimination, coercion and violence. 35b608353d Coupling... 35b608353d == Content == 35b608353d

Human reproductive ecology Human reproductive ecology is a subfield in evolutionary biology that is concerned with human reproductive processes and responses to ecological variables Human reproductive ecology is a subfield in evolutionary biology that is concerned with human reproductive processes and responses to ecological variables. The theoretical orientation of reproductive ecology applies the theory of natural selection to reproductive behaviors, and has also been referred to as the evolutionary ecology of human reproduction. It is based in the natural and social sciences, and is based on theory and models deriving from human and animal biology, evolutionary theory, and ecology. It is associated with fields such as evolutionary anthropology and seeks to explain human reproductive variation and adaptations 35b608353d

Cannon or cannon bone: the area between the knee or hock and the fetlock joint, sometimes called the "shin" of the horse, though technically it is the third metacarpal 35b608353d == Theoretical foundations == 35b608353d == Route of exposure == 35b608353d Buttock: the part of the hindquarters behind the thighs and below the root of the tail 35b608353d According to The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (2001), 9 of the 12 most dangerous and persistent chemicals were pesticides, so many have now been withdrawn from use. 35b608353d

Generation of Animals The work provides an account of animal reproduction, gestation, heredity, and embryology. Through chapters 2–5 Aristotle successively describes the general reproductive features The Generation of Animals (or On the Generation of Animals; Greek: Περὶ ζῴων γενέσεως (Peri Zoion Geneseos); Latin: De Generatione Animalium) is one of the biological works of the Corpus Aristotelicum, the collection of texts traditionally attributed to Aristotle (384–322 BC). The reproductive organs of males and females are also investigated 35b608353d

Timeline of reproductive rights legislation Reproductive rights are a sub-set of human rights pertaining to issues of reproduction and reproductive health. These rights may include some or all of the following: the right to legal or safe abortion, the right to birth control, the right to access quality reproductive healthcare, and the right to education and access in order to make reproductive choices free from coercion, discrimination, and violence. These rights may include some or all of the following: This is a timeline of reproductive rights legislation, a chronological list of laws and legal decisions affecting human reproductive rights. Reproductive rights are a sub-set of human rights pertaining to issues of reproduction and reproductive health. Reproductive rights may also include the right to receive education about contraception and sexually transmitted infections, and freedom from coerced sterilization, abortion, and contraception, and protection from practices such as female genital mutilation (FGM) 35b608353d

1765 – In England post-quickening abortion is no longer considered homicide in England, but William Blackstone confirms the "born alive rule... 35b608353d The theory was developed in the 1950s and is used to answer questions about topics such as organism size, age of maturation, number of offspring, life span, and many others. In order to study these topics, life history strategies must be identified, and... 35b608353d Barrel: the body of the horse, enclosing the rib cage and the major internal organs 35b608353d

Human rights in Nicaragua M. 2015; 37 (4/5): 245–50. Pan American Journal of Public Health. Nicaragua is a member state of the United Nations which states that fundamental human rights, such as freedom from slavery and freedom of expression, are enabled for all human beings without discrimination. L. Reyes, H. ""Siempre me critican": barriers to reproductive health in

Ocotal, Nicaragua". Nicaragua derives its understanding of human rights from the Constitution of Nicaragua and international law. ; Human rights in Nicaragua refer to personable, political and social rights granted to every human in Nicaragua 35b608353d

== 17th century-19th century == 35b608353d

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