

Difference Between Yam And Sweet Potato

Yams are perennial herbaceous vines native to Africa, Asia, and the Americas and cultivated for the consumption of their starchy tubers in many temperate and tropical regions. The tubers themselves, also called "yams", come in a variety of forms owing to numerous cultivars and related species. a0a8bf1db9 Okinawan cuisine incorporates influences from Chinese cuisine and Southeast Asian cuisine due to its long history of trade. The sweet potato, introduced in Okinawa in 1605, became a staple food in Okinawa from then until the beginning of the 20th century. Goya (bitter melon) and nabera (luffa or towel gourd) were likely introduced to Okinawa from Southeast Asia. Since Ryukyu had served as a tributary state to China, Ryukyuan cooks traveled to Fujian Province to learn how to cook Chinese food; Chinese influence seeped into Okinawa in that manner. Pork, which plays an important role in the Okinawan diet, diffused in the seventeenth century in response to demands from Chinese ambassadors, who preferred it to beef. The trade with Siam (Thailand) also introduced the use of Thai indica rice, which is used for... a0a8bf1db9

Halo-halo The dessert is often topped with a scoop of ube ice cream and sometimes other fruit-based ice cream flavors like melon or coconut, though it is just as likely to go without ice cream as well. It is usually prepared in a tall clear glass and served with a long spoon. pearls, nata de coco, sweet potato cooked in syrup (minatamís na kamote), beans cooked in syrup, pounded toasted young rice (pinipig), and often also ice cream Halo-halo is a popular cold dessert in the Philippines made with crushed ice, evaporated milk or sometimes coconut milk, and flavoring such as ube jam (ube halaya), sweetened kidney beans or garbanzo beans, coconut strips, sago, gulaman (agar), pinipig, boiled taro or soft yams in cubes, flan, slices or portions of fruit preserves, and other root crop preserves. Halo-halo is considered to be the unofficial national dessert of the Philippines a0a8bf1db9

More than 95% of Bislama words are of English origin, whilst the remainder comprises a few dozen words from French as well as some specific vocabulary inherited from various languages of Vanuatu—although these are essentially limited to flora and fauna terminology. While the influence of these vernacular languages is low on the vocabulary side, it is very high in the morphosyntax. As such, Bislama can be described simply as a language with an English vocabulary and an Oceanic grammar and phonology. a0a8bf1db9 The name of Bislama... a0a8bf1db9

Sweet potato The sweet potato and the potato are only distantly related, both being in the order Solanales. Moreover, the young shoots and leaves are occasionally eaten as greens. Although darker sweet potatoes are often known as yams in The sweet potato or sweetpotato (*Ipomoea batatas*) is a dicotyledonous plant in the morning glory family, Convolvulaceae. Its sizeable, starchy, sweet-tasting tuberous roots are used as a root vegetable, which is a staple food in parts of the world. Although darker sweet potatoes are often known as yams in parts of North America, they are even more distant from actual yams, which are monocots in the order Dioscoreales. The sweet potato and the potato are only distantly related, both being in the order Solanales. Cultivars of the sweet potato have been bred to bear tubers with flesh and skin of various colors a0a8bf1db9

Murnong Murnong is a Woiwurrung word for the plant, used by the Wurundjeri people and possibly other clans of the Kulin nation. The murnong or yam daisy is any of the plants *Microseris walteri*, *Microseris lanceolata* and *Microseris scapigera*, which are an important food source for The murnong or yam daisy is any of the plants *Microseris walteri*, *Microseris lanceolata* and *Microseris scapigera*, which are an important food source for many Aboriginal peoples in southern parts of Australia. They are called by a variety of names in the many different Aboriginal Australian languages, and occur in many oral traditions as part of Dreamtime stories a0a8bf1db9

Halúhalò is the prescribed spelling of the word in the Commission on the Filipino Language's official dictionary. a0a8bf1db9 Halo-halo is often literally translated as "mix-mix" in English. The word, which does not necessarily refer to the dessert, is an adjective properly meaning "mixed [together]" in Filipino. It is a reduplication of the Filipino verb *halò*, which means "to mix". a0a8bf1db9 Oca morphotypes are distinguished by foliar, floral, fruit, stem, and tuber characteristics, as described in the International Plant Genetic Resources Institute's document on oca descriptors. The morphological diversity of oca tubers, in particular, is astounding. Tubers range from 2.5 to 15 centimetres (1 to 6 inches) in length and 2.5 cm in width; the skin and flesh color may be white, cream, yellow, orange, pink, red, and/or purple and distributed in range of patterns. a0a8bf1db9 West African cuisine has roots in ancient history. Yams, native West African rice, millet, sorghum, black-eyed peas, and okra were some common staples. Native spices used included grains of paradise, grains of Selim, alligator... a0a8bf1db9 Scholars highlight the role of Bislama in undermining the vitality of Vanuatu's indigenous languages. a0a8bf1db9 The sweet potato is native to the tropical regions of South America in modern Ecuador. Of the approximately 50 genera and more than 1,000 species of Convolvulaceae, *I. batatas* is the only crop plant of major importance—some others are used locally (e.g., *I. aquatica* 'kangkong' as a green vegetable), but many are poisonous. The genus *Ipomoea* that contains the sweet potato also includes several garden flowers called morning glories, but that term is not usually extended to *I. batatas*. Some cultivars of *I. batatas*... a0a8bf1db9

Okinawan cuisine The sweet potato, introduced in Okinawa in 1605, became Okinawan cuisine (Japanese: 沖縄料理, Hepburn: Okinawa ryōri) is the food culture of Okinawa Prefecture, Japan. The cuisine is also known as Ryukyuan cuisine (琉球料理, Ryūkyū ryōri), a reference to the Ryukyu Kingdom. Due to differences in culture, historical contact between other

regions, climate, vegetables and other ingredients, Okinawan cuisine differs from Japanese cuisine. incorporates influences from Chinese cuisine and Southeast Asian cuisine due to its long history of trade

The roots of the murnong plants were consumed in large quantities by Aboriginal... In the 21st century there has been a revival and recultivation of the plant, and an honouring of it in art. The tubers were often dug out with digging sticks and cooked before eating. They were widespread and deliberately cultivated by Aboriginal peoples in some areas, but the hoofed animals introduced by early settlers to Australia destroyed vast areas of habitat, leading to calamitous results for the Indigenous people. The shortage of food led to Aboriginal people stealing food from settlers, in a cycle of violence known as the Australian frontier wars. The township of Murrumbidgee in Victoria was named after the murnong.

Roasted sweet potato "Let's Talk Food: Is there a difference between sweet potatoes and yams. Audrey (15 November 2016). ". Hawaii Tribune-Herald. Archived from the original on Roasted sweet potato is a popular winter street food in East Asia and parts of Southeast Asia

Sweet potato cultivars differ in many ways. One way people compare them is by the size, shape, and color of the roots. The more orange the flesh of a sweet potato root is, the more nutritious carotene it has. (Humans metabolize carotene...

Oxalis tuberosa These tubers are known as uqa in Quechua, oca in Spanish, yams in New Zealand and several other alternative names. Resembling the potato, it was introduced to Europe and New Zealand around the 19th century. [citation needed] In New Zealand, oca has become a popular table vegetable and is called yams (although *Oxalis tuberosa* is a perennial herbaceous plant that overwinters as underground stem tubers. to the potato, and to New Zealand as early as 1860. The plant was cultivated, apparently from its wild relatives, in the central and southern Andes for its tubers, which are used as a root vegetable

History People breed sweet potatoes mainly either for food (their nutritious storage roots) or for their attractive vines. (The variety 'Vardaman' is grown for both.) The first table below lists sweet potato cultivars grown for their edible roots; the second table lists cultivars bred as ornamental vines. In the first table, the Parentage column briefly explains how the sweet potato cultivar was bred. Sweet potato plants with desirable traits are selectively bred to produce new cultivars.

List of sweet potato cultivars The sweet potato was first domesticated in the Americas more than 5,000 years ago. However, sweet potato is not widely cultivated in Europe. People grow sweet potato in many parts of the world, including New Zealand, Australia, the Philippines, Japan, Hawaii, China, and North America. The sweet potato was first This list of sweet potato cultivars provides some information about varieties and cultivars of sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas*). This list of sweet potato cultivars provides some information about varieties and cultivars of sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas*). As of 2013, there are approximately 7,000 sweet potato cultivars

The history of West Africa also plays a large role in their cuisine and recipes, as interactions with different cultures (particularly the Arab world and later Europeans) over the centuries have introduced many ingredients that went on to become key components of the various national cuisines today.

West African cuisine Animal produce largely include farm animals, fishing, and some animals hunted by those who still practice the skill. There are some families especially in rural places, that grow and raise their own food, in addition. Indigenous foods consist of a number of plant species and animals, and are important to in African cuisine. West african cuisine comes from crops with ancient origins to West africa, as well as crops introduced from other continents due to trade. cocoyams, sweet potatoes, plantains, and yams are ubiquitous in the local diet, and they are usually boiled and then pounded with a pestle and mortar into West African cuisine encompasses a diverse range of foods that are split between its 16 countries. In West Africa, people buy groceries from markets, shops, stalls or supermarkets to make their meals

Yam (vegetable) Portugueses. "Economic Research Service" (PDF). 2020. LOC. Retrieved 13 August 2020. ". Archived Yam is the common name for some plant species in the genus *Dioscorea* (family Dioscoreaceae) that form edible tubers (some other species in the genus being toxic). gov. "What is the difference between sweet potatoes and yams

Bislama It is the national language of Vanuatu, and one of the three official languages of the country, the other ones being English and French. hem i stap kukum kumala or: hemi stap kukum kumala he/she is cooking sweet potatoes bin + V : past tense (with implication that the state is no longer true) Bislama (English: BISS-lə-mah; Bislama: [bi'slama]; also known by its earlier French name, bichelamar [biʃlamɑ̃]) is an English-based creole language. Bislama is the first language of many of the "Urban ni-Vanuatu" (citizens who live in Port Vila and Luganville) and the second language of much of the rest of the country's residents. The lyrics of "Yumi, Yumi, Yumi", the country's national anthem, are composed in Bislama

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