

Key Performance Index Definition

International roughness index The sources of variability in IRI data include the difference among the readings of different runs of the test vehicle and the difference between the readings of the right and left wheel paths. This performance measure has less stochasticity and subjectivity The international roughness index (IRI) is the roughness index most commonly obtained from measured longitudinal road profiles. but can be expanded to a Mean Roughness Index (MRI) when both wheelpath profiles are collected. It is calculated using a quarter-car vehicle math model, whose response is accumulated to yield a roughness index with units of slope (in/mi, m/km, etc. Despite these facts, since its introduction in 1986, the IRI has become the road roughness index most commonly used worldwide for evaluating and managing road systems. Although a universal term, IRI is calculated per wheelpath, but can be expanded to a Mean Roughness Index (MRI)

when both wheelpath profiles are collected.

This performance measure has less stochasticity and subjectivity in comparison to other pavement performance indicators, such as PCI, but it is not completely devoid of randomness.) 49be0f0829

Fundamentally based indexes This fundamental weight may be calculated statically, or it may be adjusted by the security's fundamental to market capitalization ratio to further neutralize the price factor between different securities.

Indexes that use a composite of several fundamental factors attempt to average out sector biases that may arise from relying on a single fundamental factor. e. In this sense fundamental indexing is linked to so-called fundamental analysis. A key belief behind the fundamental index methodology is that underlying corporate accounting/valuation

Fundamentally based indexes or fundamental indexes, also called fundamentally weighted indexes, are indexes in which stocks are weighted according to factors related to their fundamentals such as earnings, dividends and assets, commonly used when performing corporate valuations. A key belief behind the fundamental index

methodology is that underlying corporate accounting/valuation figures are more accurate estimators of a company's intrinsic value, rather than the listed market value of the company, i. may arise from relying on a single fundamental factor. that one should buy and sell companies in line with their accounting figures rather than according to their current market prices

== Summary == The BMI is a convenient rule of thumb used to broadly categorize a person based on tissue mass (muscle, fat, and bone) and height. Major adult BMI classifications are: underweight (under 18.5), normal weight (18.5 to 24.9), overweight (25 to 29.9), and obese (30 or more). When used to predict an individual's health, rather than as a statistical measurement for groups, the BMI has limitations that can make it less useful than some of the alternatives, especially when applied to individuals with abdominal obesity, short stature, or high muscle mass.

Performance measurement [dubious - discuss] Definitions of performance measurement tend to be predicated upon an assumption about why the performance is

being measured. Moullin Performance measurement is the process of collecting, analyzing and reporting information regarding the performance of an individual, group, organization, system or component. component 49be0f0829

Performance indicator KPIs provide a focus for strategic and operational improvement, support evidence-based decision-making, and help organizations identify and monitor factors critical to performance. A performance indicator or key performance indicator (KPI) is a type of performance measurement used to evaluate the success of an organization, activity A performance indicator or key performance indicator (KPI) is a type of performance measurement used to evaluate the success of an organization, activity, project, or process in achieving defined objectives 49be0f0829

Definitions of performance measurement tend to be predicated upon an assumption about why the performance is being measured. 49be0f0829 The measurement of IRI is required for data provided to the United States Federal Highway Administration, and is covered in several standards from ASTM International: ASTM

E1926 - 08, ASTM E1364 - 95(2005), and
others... 49be0f0829

Count key data This is in contrast to devices using fixed sector size or a separate format track. It is a self-defining format with each data record represented by a Count Area that identifies the record and provides the number of bytes in an optional Key Area and an optional Data Area. "The beginning of a track is signalled when the index marker Count key data (CKD) is a direct-access storage device (DASD) data recording format introduced in 1964, by IBM with its IBM System/360 and still being emulated on IBM mainframes. key, and the length of the data. The key may be omitted or consist of a string of characters
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Body mass index BMI is calculated as the body mass, in kilograms (kg), divided by the square of the body height, in square metres (m²); although this quotient has units of kilograms per square metre, BMI is frequently reported with these units omitted (despite not being a dimensionless quantity). Body mass index (BMI) is a value derived from the mass (weight) and height of a person. BMI is calculated as the body mass,

in kilograms (kg), divided Body mass index (BMI) is a value derived from the mass (weight) and height of a person

The fundamental factors commonly used by fundamental index managers are sales, earnings, book value, cash flow and dividends... An index is a copy of selected columns of data, from a table, that is designed to enable very efficient search. An index normally includes a "key" or direct link to the original row of data from which it was copied, to allow the complete row to be retrieved efficiently. Some databases extend the power of indexing by letting developers create indexes on column values that have been transformed by functions or expressions. For example, an index could be created on `upper(last_name)`, which would only store the upper-case versions of the `last_name` field in the index. Another option sometimes supported is the use of partial index, where index entries are created only for those records that satisfy some conditional... KPIs may measure progress toward operational targets such as quality levels, efficiency, or customer satisfaction or toward broader strategic goals. The selection of appropriate KPIs depends on an organization's priorities

and context, and indicators often differ across functional areas such as finance, sales, operations, or human resources.

Management frameworks such as the balanced scorecard are commonly used to structure KPI selection and align measurement with strategy. In 2007 the Office of the Chief Information Officer in the US defined it using a more evaluative focus—"Performance measurement estimates the parameters under which programs, investments, and acquisitions are reaching the targeted results".

OECD Better Life Index The official definitions for the topics and the indices which make them up are stated in the OECD Better Life Index definitions. Users create their The OECD Better Life Index, created in May 2011 by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, is an initiative pioneering the development of economic indicators which better capture multiple dimensions of economic and social progress.

Surrogate key The surrogate key is not derived from application data, unlike a natural (or business) key. The surrogate key

is not derived from application data, unlike a natural (or business) key. database. There are at least two definitions of a surrogate: Surrogate A surrogate key (or synthetic key, pseudokey, entity identifier, factless key, or technical key) in a database is a unique identifier for either an entity in the modeled world or an object in the database

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== History == 49be0f0829 Moullin defines the term with a forward looking organisational focus—"the process of evaluating how well organisations are managed and the value they deliver for customers and other stakeholders". 49be0f0829 Performance indicators are applied across sectors including business, government, healthcare, and technical systems. Their effectiveness depends on clear definition, reliable data, and appropriate interpretation, as poorly designed indicators may create unintended incentives or fail to capture meaningful outcomes. 49be0f0829 Defining performance measures or methods by which they can be chosen is also a popular activity for academics—for example a list of railway infrastructure indicators is offered by Stenström et al., a novel method for

measure selection is proposed by Mendibil et al. The platform consists of a dashboard, that provides data and insights into key indicators - measuring areas such as wellbeing, environmental quality, quality of public services and security - alongside an interactive tool Your Better Life Index (BLI), which encourages citizens to create their own indexes by ranking each of the indicators according to the importance in their lives. Keys provide the means for database users and application software to identify, access and update information in a database table. There may be several keys in any given table. For example, in a table of employees, both employee number and login name are individually unique. The enforcement of a key constraint (i.e. a uniqueness constraint) in a table is also a data integrity...

Count key data (CKD) also refers to the set of channel commands (collectively Channel Command Words, CCWs) that are generated by an IBM mainframe for execution by a DASD subsystem employing the CKD recording format. The initial set of CKD CCWs, introduced in 1964, was substantially enhanced and improved into the 1990s.

== CKD track format ==

49be0f0829 The index and tool were created as part of the OECD Better Life Initiative. This initiative began in 2011 in line with the recommendations of the Commission on the Measurement of Economic Performance and Social Progress, also known as the Stiglitz-Sen-Fitoussi Commission, whose recommendations sought to address concerns that standard macroeconomic statistics like GDP failed to give a true account of people's current and future well-being. The initiative's goals are to develop social and wellbeing indicators that can better reflect growth focusing on four key... 49be0f0829 KPIs are used not... 49be0f0829 There are at least two definitions of a surrogate: 49be0f0829

Unique key In SQL, the unique keys have a UNIQUE constraint assigned to them in order to prevent duplicates (a duplicate entry is not valid in a unique column). Unique keys are also called alternate keys. Unique keys are an alternative to the primary key of the relation. The remaining candidate keys are called unique keys because they can uniquely identify a record in a relation. Unique keys can consist of multiple columns. foreign key constraint against a primary key but most systems will

allow a foreign key constraint to reference any key of a table. All the candidate keys of a relation can uniquely identify the records of the relation, but only one of them is used as the primary key of the relation. Alternate keys may be used like the primary key when doing a single-table select or when filtering in a where clause, but are not typically used to join multiple tables. The definition of keys in In relational database management systems, a unique key is a candidate key

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Database index Indexes are used to quickly locate data without having to search every row in a database table every time said table is accessed. Indexes are used to police database constraints, such as UNIQUE, EXCLUSION, PRIMARY KEY and FOREIGN KEY. An index may be declared A database index is a data structure that improves the speed of data retrieval operations on a database table at the cost of additional writes and storage space to maintain the index data structure. Indexes can be created using one or more columns of a database table, providing the basis for both rapid random lookups and efficient access of ordered records. flat ($O(1)$) performance

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Neely et al. use a more operational retrospective focus—"the process of quantifying the efficiency and effectiveness of past actions". 49be0f0829 == Definition == 49be0f0829 BMI values under 20 and over 25 have been associated with higher all-cause mortality, with the risk increasing with distance from the 20-25 interval. 49be0f0829

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